

L. S. CRAMER. (Hyatt, Photos.) W. K. HOLLISTER.

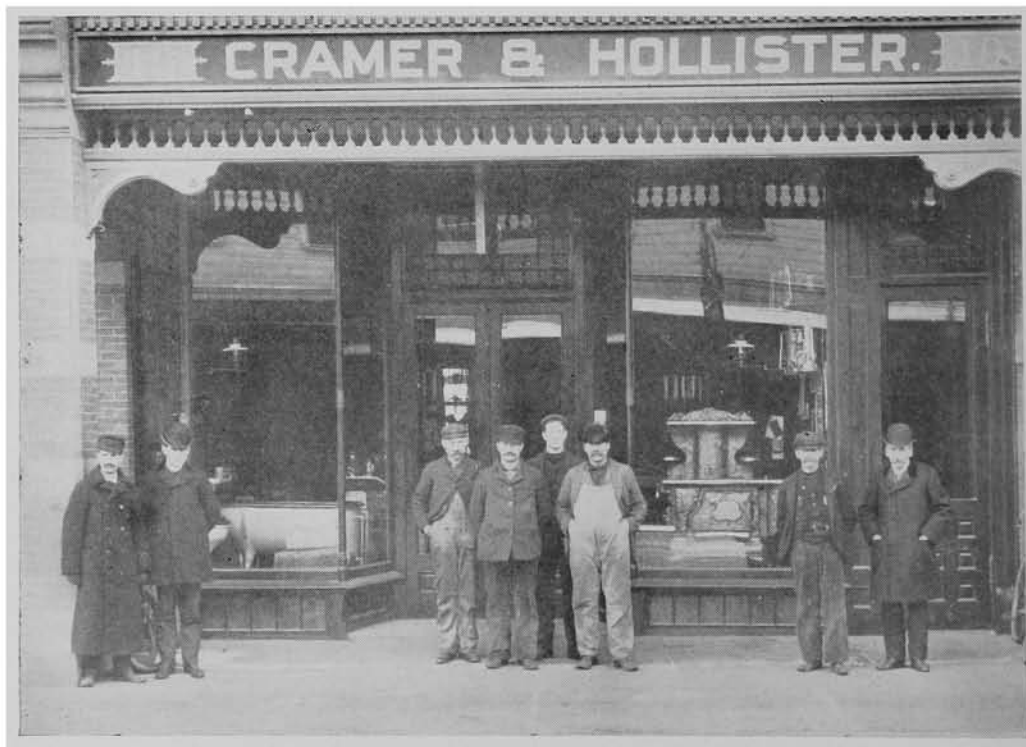
Cramer & Hollister, hardware dealers, plumbers and steam fitters at No. 19 Railroad street, succeeded the firm of Cramer & Mellon, Jan. 1, 1896. Cramer & Mellon, who were successors of Seaman & Cramer, did business at the same place for about two and a half years and the latter, who were there about a year and a half, bought out H. T. Hollister who had then been in the same store about four years but who had previously carried on the business on Orchard street. Cramer & Hollister branched out into all kinds of metal work to a greater extent than either of the two latter preceding firms. This has been the case especially in plumbing, steam and hot water fitting. From time to time they have done several large jobs in Cortland and vicinity in fitting up buildings with steam and hot water heating apparatus, notably The Wallace Wall Paper Co.'s factory, besides several other large jobs in this village. The hardware business proper is carried on in a store 24 x 80 feet, with the shop in the rear where all kinds of general jobbing is done, while the fitting and cutting of pipes for plumbing and heating jobs is done in the basement, where a large stock for those purposes is kept. The firm also occupies the second floor of the building, which is used for the storing of stoves and a surplus of everything in the tin and hardware line; also for the display of stoves and plumbing goods. From 6 to 10 men are employed by the firm in the shop and outside work. The hardware part of the business includes everything carried in that line of trade, particularly stoves and ranges, among which is a full line of Summit ranges, guaran-

teed by the firm to be one of the best in the market. Mr. Cramer, the senior member of the firm, devotes his personal attention to the finances and the store business, while Mr. Hollister has personal charge of the plumbing, heating and contract work. Lawrence S. Cramer, the son of Henry V. Cramer, was born in Lafayette, Onondaga Co., N. Y., Aug. 24, 1848. His early years were spent on the farm with his father, during which time he attended the common school until about sixteen years of age, and then the Onondaga Valley academy and Syracuse schools. After leaving home he was for some time employed as clerk in the general store of Stephen Headson at Dewitt Center, N. Y., after which he was for 15 years in the employ of the Syracuse & Binghamton Railroad Co. as station agent and telegraph operator. From the employ of the railroad company he moved to Cortland and was for two years previous to engaging in the hardware business, employed as bookkeeper and collector. He was married to Anna V. Palmer Sept. 16, 1875, and they have two daughters, May B. and Edith V. Mr. W. K. Hollister, son of Harvey D. Hollister, was born in the town of Truxton, Cortland Co., Feb. 13, 1870.

At 15 years of age he entered the employ of his brother, H. T. Hollister, in Cortland, to learn the plumbing and tinning trades, where he continued to work for the different firms, who have succeeded to this business as already above mentioned, until the time he formed the co-partnership with Mr. Cramer. He has received instruction at a trade school where sanitary plumbing is taught, so that the work he performs is of the best from a sanitary standpoint. He married Miss Maude L. Loucks, of Cortland, March 2, 1898. They have one daughter, Lillian Harriet. He is a member of the John L. Lewis Lodge of Odd Fellows, No. 587.

Members of Assembly from Cortland Co.—

During the period of ninety years Cortland has been a county, only fifteen members have each served two terms and four members three terms each. Those who have served three terms are William Trowbridge, 1811-13, Samuel G. Hath-



Hyatt, Photo.

CRAMER & HOLLISTER'S STORE.

away, 1814, '15 and '18, John Miller, 1816, '17 and 20, and Rufus T. Peck, 1889-'91. There have been two contests for seats, both unsuccessful, the first when J. B. Phelps contested the seat which was awarded to Josiah Hart in 1825, and the other when Lewis Riggs contested the seat given to Chauncey Keep in 1836. Cortland had only one representative in 1810-'22, two in 1823-'46, and one since 1846. The full list of members to and including 1900 are as follows: Ephraim Fish, 1810; William Trowbridge, 1811-13; Wm. Malory, 1814; Samuel G. Hathaway, 1814-15, '18; Joshua Ballard, 1816; John Miller, 1816, '17 '20; Joseph Reynolds, 1819; John Osborn, 1820-'21; Daniel Sherwood, 1822, '23; John Gillett, 1823; Wm. Barto, Jr., 1824; Matthias Cook, 1824; James Chatterton, 1825; Josiah Hart (contested by J.



Hyatt, Photo. INTERIOR OF CRAMER & HOLLISTER'S STORE.

B. Phelps), 1825; Augustus Donnelly, 1826; John Lynde, 1826; Cephas Comstock, 1827, '36; Nathan Dayton, 1827, '28; John L. Boyd, 1828; Abraham Carley, 1829; Gideon Curtiss, 1829; Chauncey Keep, 1830, '36 (contested by Lewis Riggs); Henry Stephens, 1830; Fredus Howard, 1831; Charles Richardson, 1831; Andrew Dickson, 1832; Jonathan L. Woods, 1832; Enos S. Halbert, 1833; David Mathews, 1833; Stephen Bogardus, 1834; Oliver Kingman, 1834; Aaron Brown, 1835; Barak Niles, 1835; Josiah Hine, 1837; John Thomas, 1837; David Mathews, 1838; John Osgood, 1838; George S. Green, 1839; George Isaacs, 1839; Wil-

liam Barnes, 1840; Jabez B. Phelps, 1840; Nathan Heaton, 1841; Lovel G. Mitkels, 1841; Jesse Ives, 1842; Oren Stimson, 1842; Harry McGraw, 1843; George N. Miles, 1843; Platt F. Grow, 1844; John Kingman, 1844; George J. J. Barber, 1845; John Pierce, 2nd, 1845; Amos Graves, 1846; John Miller, 1846; Timothy Green, 1847; James Comstock, 1848; Ira Skeel, 1849; Lewis Kingsley, 1850; Alvan Kellogg, 1851; George W. Bradford, 1852; Ashbel B. Patterson, 1853; Perrin H. McGraw, 1854; John H. Knapp, 1855; George I. Kingman, 1856; Joseph Atwater, 1857; Nathan Bouten, 1858; Arthur Holmes, 1859; John A. McVean, 1860; Loammi Kinney, 1861; Thos. Barry, 1862; Henry B. Van Hoesen, 1863; Benj. F. Tillinghast, 1864; Dann C. Squires, 1865, '72; Stephen Patrick, 1866; Horatio Ballard, 1867; Raymond P. Babcock, 1868; Hiram Whitmarsh, 1869; Charles Foster, 1870; Henry S. Randall, 1871; Geo. W. Phillips, 1873, '74; Daniel E. Whitmore, 1875; Judson C. Nelson, 1876, '83; Delos McGraw, 1877; Orris U. Kellogg, 1878; George H. Arnold, 1879; Samuel A. Childs, 1880; Alburtis A. Carley, 1881, '82; A. Judson Kneeland, 1884; Harlan P. Andrews, 1885; Milfred M. Brown, 1886; Wayland D. Tisdale, 1887, '88; Rufus T. Peck, 1889, '90, '91; James H. Tripp, 1892, '93; Benjamin F. Lee, 1894; Wilbur Holmes, 1895; Franklin P. Saunders, 1896, '97; D. W. VanHoesen, 1898; Geo. S. Sands, 1899, 1900.

Colonial Governors of New York.—Adrian

Joris, term began 1623; Cornelius Jacobzen, May, 1624; Wm. Verhulst, 1625; Peter Minnit, May 4, 1626; Wonter Van Twiller, April, 1633; William Kieft, March 28, 1638; Petrus Stuyvesant, May 11, 1647; Richard Nicolls, Sept. 8, 1664; Francis Lovelace, Aug. 17, 1668; Cornelis Evertse, Jr., Aug. 12, 1673; Anthony Colve, Sept. 19, 1673; Edmond Andros, Nov. 10, 1674; Anthony Brockholles, commander-in-chief, Nov. 16, 1677; Jan. 13, 1681; Sir Edmond Andros, Knt., Aug. 7, 1678; Aug. 11, 1688; Thomas Dongan, Aug. 27, 1683; Francis Nicholson, lieutenant-governor, Oct. 9, 1688; Jacob Leisler, June 3, 1689; Henry Sloughter,* March 19, 1691; Richard Ingoldesby, commander-in-chief, July 26, 1695; lieutenant-governor, May 9, 1709, lieutenant-governor, June 1, 1709; Benj. Fletcher, Aug. 30, 1692; Earl of



AN OLD ROMAN ARCH.—[WHERE IS IT?



Borrowed Photo. ALBERT ALLEN.

Bellomont, April 13, 1698; July 24, 1700; John Nautan, lieutenant-governor, May 17, 1699; May 19, 1701; Col. Wm. Smith, Col. Abraham DePeyster and Col. Peter Schuyler, (administrators of the state government on the death of the Earl of Bellomont and absence of the lieutenant-governor), May 5 to May 19, 1701; Lord Cornbury, May 3, 1702; Lord Lovelace, Dec. 18, 1708; Peter Schuyler, president, May 6, 1709; May 25, 1709; July 21, 1719; Gerardus Beekman, president, April 10, 1710; Robert Hunter, June 14, 1710; Wm. Burnet, Sept. 17, 1720; John Montgomerie, April 15, 1728; Rip Van Dam, president, July 1, 1731; William Cosby, Aug. 1, 1732; George Clarke, president, March 10, 1736; lieutenant-governor, Oct. 30, 1736; George Clinton, Sept. 2, 1743; Sir Danvers Osborne, Bart., Oct. 10, 1753; James DeLancey, lieutenant-governor, Oct. 12, 1755; lieutenant-governor, June 3, 1757; Sir Charles Hardy, Knt., Sept. 3, 1755; Cadwallader Colden, president, Aug. 4, 1760; lieutenant-governor, Aug. 8, 1761; lieutenant-governor, Nov. 18, 1761; lieutenant-governor, June 28, 1763; lieutenant-governor, Sept. 12, 1769; lieutenant-governor, April 7, 1774; Robert Monckton, Oct. 26, 1761, June 14, 1762; Sir Henry Moore, Bart. Nov. 13, 1765; Earl of Dunmore, Oct. 19, 1770; William Tryon, July 9, 1771. June 28, 1775; James Robertson, (military governor during the war not recognized by the state), March 23, 1780; Andrew Elliott, (acting military governor during the war), lieutenant-governor, April 17, 1783; Peter Van Brugh Livingston, May 23, 1775. Provincial Congress (rulers)--Nathaniel Woodhull, president pro tem, Aug. 28, 1775,

Dec. 6, 1775; Abraham Yates, Jr., president, pro tem, Nov. 2, 1775, president pro tem, Aug. 10, 1776, president pro tem, Aug. 28, 1776; John Harding, president pro tem, Dec. 16, 1775; Peter Livingston, Sept. 26, 1776; Abraham Ten Broeck, March 6, 1777; Leonard Gansevoort, president pro tem, April 18, 1777; Pierre Van Cortlandt, president council safety, May 14, 1777.

*This governor's name is down to this day used as a term of reproach in the single county of Schoharie, whose forefathers claimed to have been treated vilely by him. To apply the term "a Slaughter" in that county is regarded as a heinous insult.

The Kremlin was opened as a first-class hotel by Wickwire Brothers, who had recently purchased the property, about three years ago, and was placed under the management of Lyman Carns. On May 1, 1899, the property was sold to Mr. Albert Allen, who at once took possession and now conducts the hotel on a strictly high class order. It is three stories high, and has thirty rooms at the disposal of guests. The furnishings are comparatively new and of the most approved class, including velvet carpets, pretty chamber suits, etc. It is located on Court street, but a few doors from Main street, and a few steps from the trolley line, which leads hence directly to both railroad stations, the house being the nearest to the Lackawanna station of all the hotels. Mr. Allen is the purchasing agent for the Manhattan Beach hotel, and is familiar with the best manner of conducting a hotel. He also has charge of the Sunny Side Plantation in Arkansas, belonging to the Austin Corbin estate, where he spends a part of the winters. He is an experienced executive officer in the operation of railroads and a practical railroad man. He is high in the order of Masonry, being a Shriner and a Sir Knight. Mr. Allen was born in New York in October, 1837, and for fifteen years was a passenger conductor on the Morris and Essex railroad. In 1877 he was made the superintendent of the Syracuse and Chenango Valley railroad, and in 1887 he moved to Elmira, being then the superintendent of the E., C. and N. railroad. In March, 1889, he moved to Cortland, where he has since resided. The Kremlin is a very popular house, and under Mr. Allen's management it has been his aim to improve the accommodations in every way. He was married to Jennie Kenyon of Earlville Jan. 11, 1882.

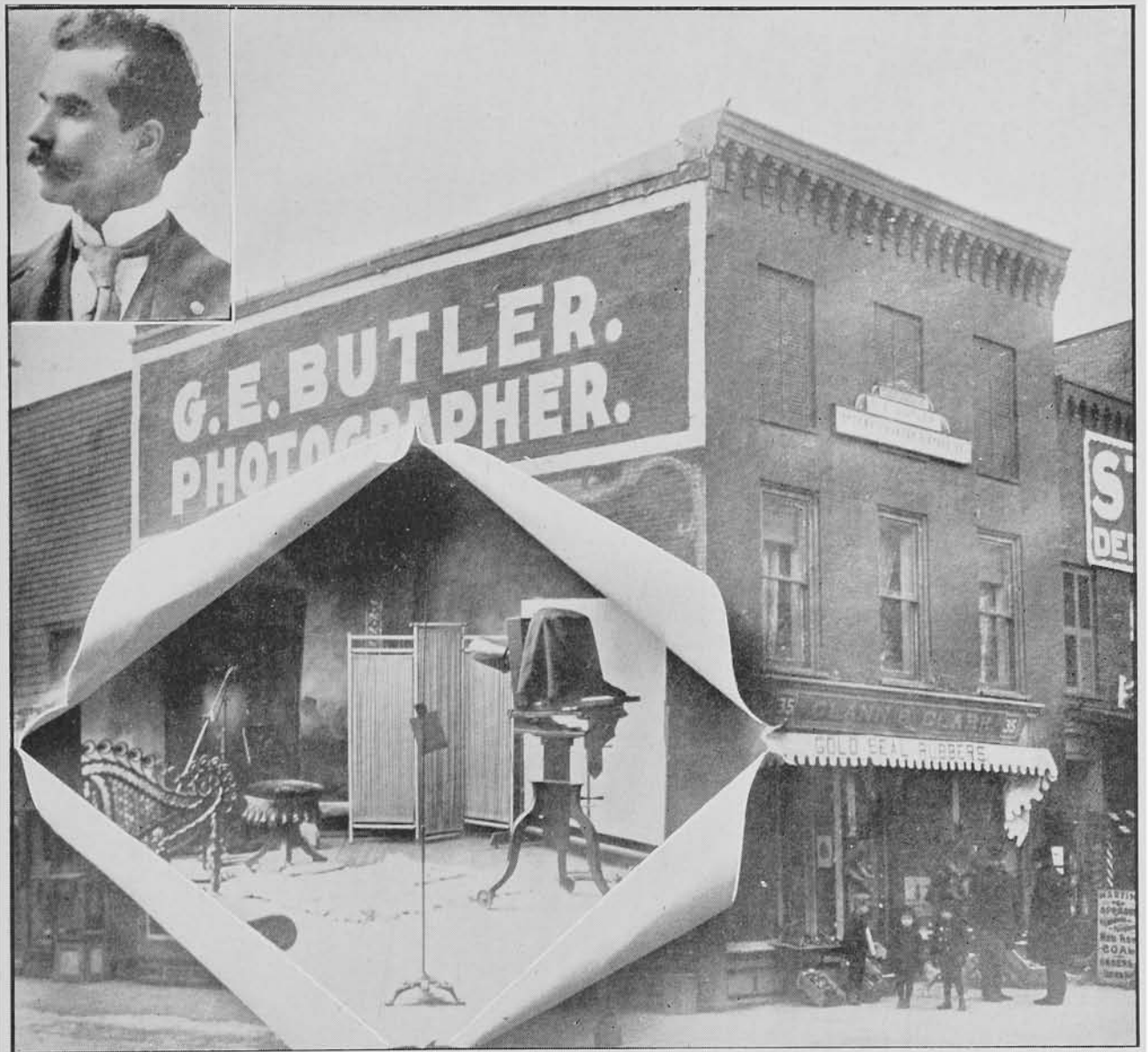


Harris, Photo.

THE KREMLIN.

George Edwin Butler bought out George I. Pruden's gallery, corner of Main and Railroad streets, May 17, 1893, and has since been conducting the business at the same place. The gallery is complete for all sorts of photographic work, including the large as well as the small, in which Mr. Butler is proficient. He can turn out the best high grade productions, and does a great deal of work in pastels, crayons, etc. Mr. Butler did considerable work for the "Grip's" Historical Souvenir of Cortland, and his pictures are among the very best in the book. In crayon productions he had made a specialty, turning out a class of that line of pictures which are equal to the very best produced anywhere. Mr. Butler was born in Al-

marked the termination of the war. Eight hundred men were enlisted in Cortland county and at the same time about five hundred troops formed into five companies, were recruited in Otsego county, leaving Cherry Valley for Albany early in January. When the two bodies were marshaled into one phalanx the governor made N. W. Green of Cortland, colonel, and the regiment was ordered to New York, taking their departure from Albany on Jan. 17, 1862. They were in barracks in New York three days, then on Riker's Island, East River, until they left for Philadelphia, where they arrived Jan. 30, 1862, reaching Washington Feb. 1, at midnight, and going into camp at Meridian Hill, where they remained until the 24th,



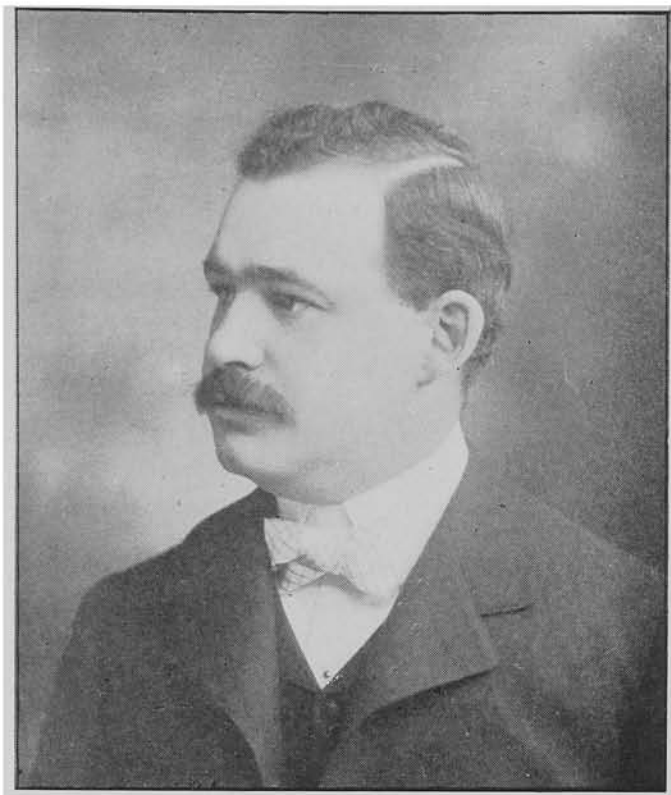
Butler, Photos.

G. E. BUTLER, SOUVENIR ARTIST, AND STUDIO.

bion, Orleans county, Feb. 28, 1863. On Dec. 8, 1880, Mr. Butler went into the gallery of Amos Belden, where he was employed until the spring of 1886, when he went into the Curtiss gallery at Syracuse, where he remained for seven years, thence coming to Cortland and going into business here as first stated. Mr. Butler married Fannie Wall of Albion, Oct. 20, 1886. He is a member of the Vesta lodge, I. O. O. F., and of the Excelsior Hook and Ladder Co.

The 76th Regiment was mustered in at Albany December, 1861, and served with marked gallantry throughout the war, being mustered out along in 1865 after Appomattox and after participating in the grand review of troops at Washington, which

when they occupied Forts DeRussey, Massachusetts, Totten and Slemmer. Col. Green was sent home on charges preferred by the officers and Lieut.-Col. Shaul was placed in command. On May 21, the regiment was ordered to Fredericksburg and assigned to Brig.-Gen. Abner Doubleday's brigade—the 2nd, of the First Division, First Corps, Army of Potomac. On July 2 Col. William P. Wainwright was assigned to command the regiment. On the 21st of August the regiment, in the fight at Rappahannock Station, Va., was for the first time under fire. On Aug. 28 the regiment played a most thrilling part of the drama in the battle of Gainesville, where they lost ten killed, seventy-two wounded and eighteen missing. During the next two days the regiment par-



Hyatt, Photo. EDWIN DUFFEY, District Attorney.

participated in continuous manoeuvring and fighting at second Bull Run and South Mountain. In the bloody battle of Gettysburg Major Grover, then in command of the regiment was killed and Capt. John E. Cook, who took his place, performed his duty faithfully. In that battle it lost, killed and wounded eighteen officers and one hundred fifty-one men. Captain S. M. Byram was for a time in command, in September, 1863, when operating on the Rappahannock and again at North Anna in May, 1864, and along during subsequent operations until in the fight in front of Petersburg June 18 he received a severe wound and did not again rejoin the regiment. The last report of the 76th as an organization, then containing only a handful of the men who enlisted in Cortland in '61, was on Jan. 15, 1865, when it was commanded by Capt. E. B. Cochrane. The battles of the 76th were: Rappahannock, Aug. 21, 1862; Warrenton, Aug. 26; Gainesville, Aug. 28; Second Bull Run, Aug. 29 and 30; South Mountain, Sept. 14; Antietam, Sept. 17; Snicker's Gap, Nov. 1-3; Fredericksburg, Dec. 12-13; Chancellorville, May 1-5, 1863; Gettysburg, July 1-4; Mine Run, Nov. 27; Wilderness, May 5-6, 1864; Laurel Hill, May 8; Spottsylvania, May 12; North Anna, May 24; Tolopotomy Creek, June 1; Cold Harbor, June 3-5; Petersburg, June 18; Weldon Railroad, Aug. 18-21; Poplar Grove Church, Sept. 30; First Hatcher's Run, Oct. 28; Hicksford Raid, Dec. 6-12; Second Hatcher's Run, Feb. 6, 1865; Five Forks, April 1; Appomattox, April 9. When the 76th started for Washington its organization was as follows: Field and Staff Officers—Colonel, N. W. Green of Cortland; lieutenant-col-

onel, John D. Shaul of Springfield, Otsego Co.; Major Charles E. Livingston of New York City; surgeon, J. C. Nelson of Truxton; assistant surgeon, George W. Metcalfe of Otsego Co.; chaplain, H. Stone Richardson of New York Mills; adjutant, Herman F. Robinson of Cortland; quartermaster, A. P. Smith of Cortland; quartermaster sergeant, Albert J. Jarvis of Cortland; commissary sergeant, William Storrs of Allegany.

Line Officers	Capt.	1st Lieut.	2nd Lieut.
Co. A—	A. J. Grover	C. H. George	H. W. Pierce
" B—	Oscar C. Fox	C. D. Crandall	W. S. Wolcott
" C—	G. J. Crittenden	E. R. Weaver	M. P. Marsh
" D—	C. L. Watrous	E. D. Van Slyck	
" E—	Wm. H. Powell	J. H. Ballard	S. M. Powell
" F—	John F. Barnard	E. A. Mead	W. W. Green
" G—	Wm. Lansing	Aaron Sager	J. L. Goddard
" H—	Amos L. Swan	M. B. Cleveland	Robt. Storey
" I—	John E. Cook	H. A. Blodgett	R. Williams
" K—	John W. Young	C. A. Watkins	C. M. Gaylord

Edwin Duffey, the talented district attorney of Cortland county, was born in Buffalo, March 14, 1868. He received his preparatory college education in the Cortland Normal school, and was graduated with a brilliant record from Amherst college in 1890. In the autumn of the same year he entered the Columbia Law school, and was graduated as one of the men conspicuously strong in the Class of 1893. In the same year he was admitted to the bar in New York county, and at the close of the same year began the practice of law in the village of Cortland. His professional success was immediate, and in 1897 he was elected district attorney of Cortland county. As the prosecuting officer of the county, he has shown himself fearless and conscientious in the discharge of every duty. In July, 1897, he became a partner of Henry A. Dickinson, and still is a member of the firm of Dickinson & Duffey. Mr. Duffey is a man of unquestioned integrity of character, is endowed with rare gifts as a speaker, and with equal gifts as a scholar. He has an inherent honesty of character, which begets trust and confidence and commands respect. He is the very essence of loyalty alike to his friends and his convictions. As an advocate he is untiring, fearless, zealous and aggressive. As a counselor he is calm, dispassionate, fair-minded and conscientious.



J. S. BULL'S RESIDENCE.

The Manufacturers of Cortland employ in the aggregate about 3,000 people and pay thousands of dollars in taxes and insurance. Many towns and cities in this state which profess to be great manufacturing centers do not begin to offer as large an array of flourishing, substantial industries as can be pointed out in this village. Very rarely will one find among so many manufacturing institutions as large, well lighted and well ventilated shops, with high rooms, as good sanitary arrangements and as clean and imposing structures as are to be found here. Most of the institutions, too, have been built up from a small beginning. The wages generally paid in the Cortland shops will bear comparison with what the shop help earn in other places. While the an-

- The Cortland Wagon Co.
- The Cortland Carriage Goods Co.
- The H. M. Whitney Wagon Co.
- The Cortland Screen Door and Window Co.
- The Ellis Omnibus and Cab Co.
- The Cortland Forging Co.
- The Cortland Foundry and Machine Co.
- D. F. Wallace Wall Paper Co.
- W. H. Newton Carriage Works.
- Wallace & Houck Machine Shop.
- Cooper Bros.' Foundry and Machine Shops.
- The Gillette Skirt Manufacturing Co.
- Keator & Wells Machine Works.
- Cately-Etting Anti Rattler (wagon attachment) Works.
- L. S. Hayes Chair Factory.



Butler, Photo.

THE LITERARY CLUB.

[See sk., page 32.

- Miss Hendrick, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Reese, Mrs. Higgins, Miss Roe, Mrs. Bardwell, Miss Booth, Mrs. Van Hoesen, [Mrs. Johnson, Miss Hubbard, Mrs. Appar.
- Miss Cornelia Adams, Mrs. Henry, Miss Goodrich, Mrs. Jayne, Mrs. Beach, Mrs. Messenger, Mrs. Watrous, Miss [Minerva Adams, Mrs. Collins, Mrs. Cornish, Mrs. Rickard.
- Miss Kirby, Mrs. Walrad, Mrs. Hughes, Miss Stephens, Mrs. Sornberger, Mrs. Hendrick, Mrs. Mudge, Miss Gale. [Mrs. Chambers, Mrs. Nash.

Mrs. Twiss, Miss Force, Mrs. Foote.

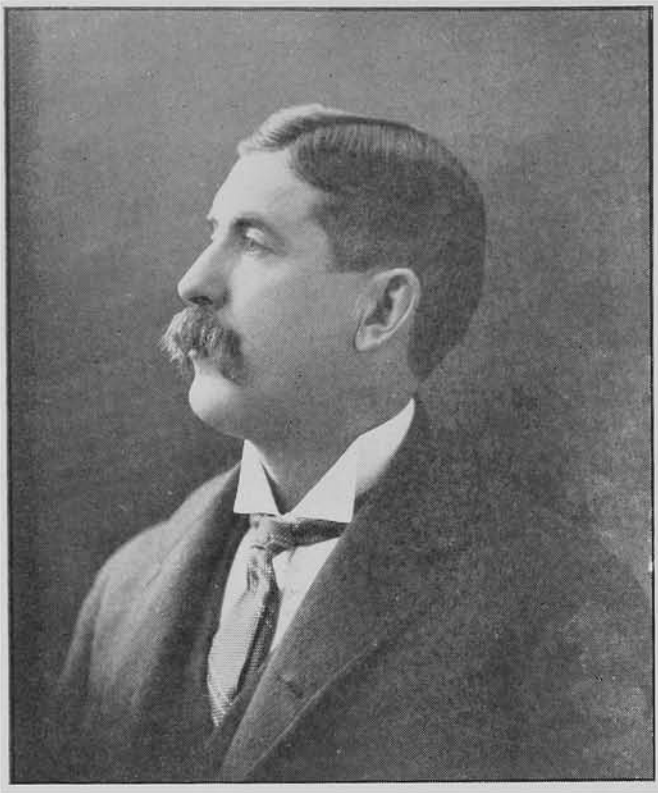
[N. B.—Upper line is key to the names of the ladies on the piazza; next, to those standing in front and sitting on upper portico step; third, those occupying front chairs and lower portico steps; fourth, to those seated on the ground.]

nual disbursements of the manufacturers is no small item, but is of considerable importance to the tradesmen of the village, the latter do not by any means depend upon the revenues from that one source as is too often the case in manufacturing towns. They draw a large trade from the surrounding country, not alone from the farming community but from the villages that lie contiguous to and within an hour's ride from Cortland. The class of products turned out by the industry of Cortland people vary, although Cortland is known outside almost wholly—by the general public—as the manufacturing center for wagons. The list of manufacturers is as follows:

Wickwire Bros., wire cloth.

- Mrs. G. T. Chatterton Skirt Manufacturer.
- Palmer & Co. Skirt Manufacturers.
- Cortland Welding Compound.
- Wickwire Roller Mills.
- F. H. Cobb & Co. Manufacturers of Confectionery.
- T. H. Holcomb, M. Quinn, and C. F. Anderson, Manufacturers of Cigars.

The Rosary Society was organized about 1880. The present officers are: President, Miss Mary Morris; treasurer, Rev. John J. McLoughlin. The society is divided into fifteen circles. Each circle has a leader and fifteen members. The society is benevolent to its members and assists in furnishing necessaries for the church.



Hyatt, Photo. DORR C. SMITH.

The Cortland House, a modern four-story brick structure, surmounted by mansard roof and tower, located at the junction of North Main street and Groton avenue, was erected in 1884 by Delos Bauder at a cost of \$55,000, and opened to the public Jan. 27, 1885. Main street south of Groton avenue jogs at the hotel corner, and the office windows and balcony command an unobstructed view of the thoroughfare south of the hotel, the business section of the village. The hotel, with fifty-six commercial rooms, wide ranging halls, a corner office and lobby looking upon both streets through high, broad windows; modern plumbing, steam heat, electric lights and perfect sanitary conveniences, is complete in accommodations and of as high a standard as is required of first-class hotels. It has a frontage on Main street of 111 feet and on Groton avenue of 73 feet. The billiard room adjoining the office has an entrance on Groton avenue. The old Cortland House, erected in 1829 by Danforth Merrick, was a landmark known far and wide. It was nearly square, standing four stories high, with a balcony enclosing two sides of the building at each floor. Mr. Bauder purchased the property in April, 1868, and in 1882-'3 expended \$19,000 in enlarging and improving it. On the morning of Nov. 28, 1883, the building was destroyed by fire (see "Big Fire of '83," page 105), and in a couple of hours' time an historic edifice, which had stood for more

than half a century, was left in smoking ruins. On July 1, 1895, the Cortland House was leased by Dorr C. Smith, the present proprietor, who married Nellie A., the daughter of Delos Bauder, June 19, 1878. Mr. Bauder then retired from active business life, after a successful hotel career of twenty-seven years on one spot. Mr. Smith began the study of law with A. P. Smith in 1871, and on Jan. 8, 1875, he was admitted to the bar at Albany. He practiced in Cortland until he assumed the proprietorship of the Cortland House. He was born in Moravia, May 9, 1851, and received his early education at the Geneva academy.

County Judges and Surrogates.—These were separate offices up to 1847, since which time they have been united. Surrogates—John McWhorter, term began 1808; Mead Merrill, 1810; Luther F. Stephens, 1811; John McWhorter, 1815; Adin Webb, 1816; Jabez B. Phelps, 1823; Charles W. Lynde, 1828; Townsend Ross, 1832; Anthony Freer, 1836; Adin Webb, 1840; Anthony Freer, 1844. County Judges—John Keep, 1810; William Mallory, 1823; Joseph Reynolds, 1833; Henry Stephens, 1838; Daniel Hawks, 1847; Lewis Kingsley, 1851; R. Holland Duell, 1855; Stephen Brewer, 1859; Hiram Crandall, 1859; Abram P. Smith, Dec. 5, 1867, elected to fill vacancy; Stratton S. Knox, 1884; Joseph E. Eggleston, 1890.

A. S. Burgess, one of the leading merchants of this village, began business in Cortland on Sept. 11, 1884, when he and D. H. Bingham started a clothing store in the Garrison block. After three years Burgess & Bingham leased the store in the four-story brick block at the corner of Main and Railroad streets, where they carried on business until the fall of 1893, when the firm was dissolved, Mr. Bingham retiring from all connection with the business and Mr. Burgess continuing to carry it on, as will be shown, on a larger and more ex-

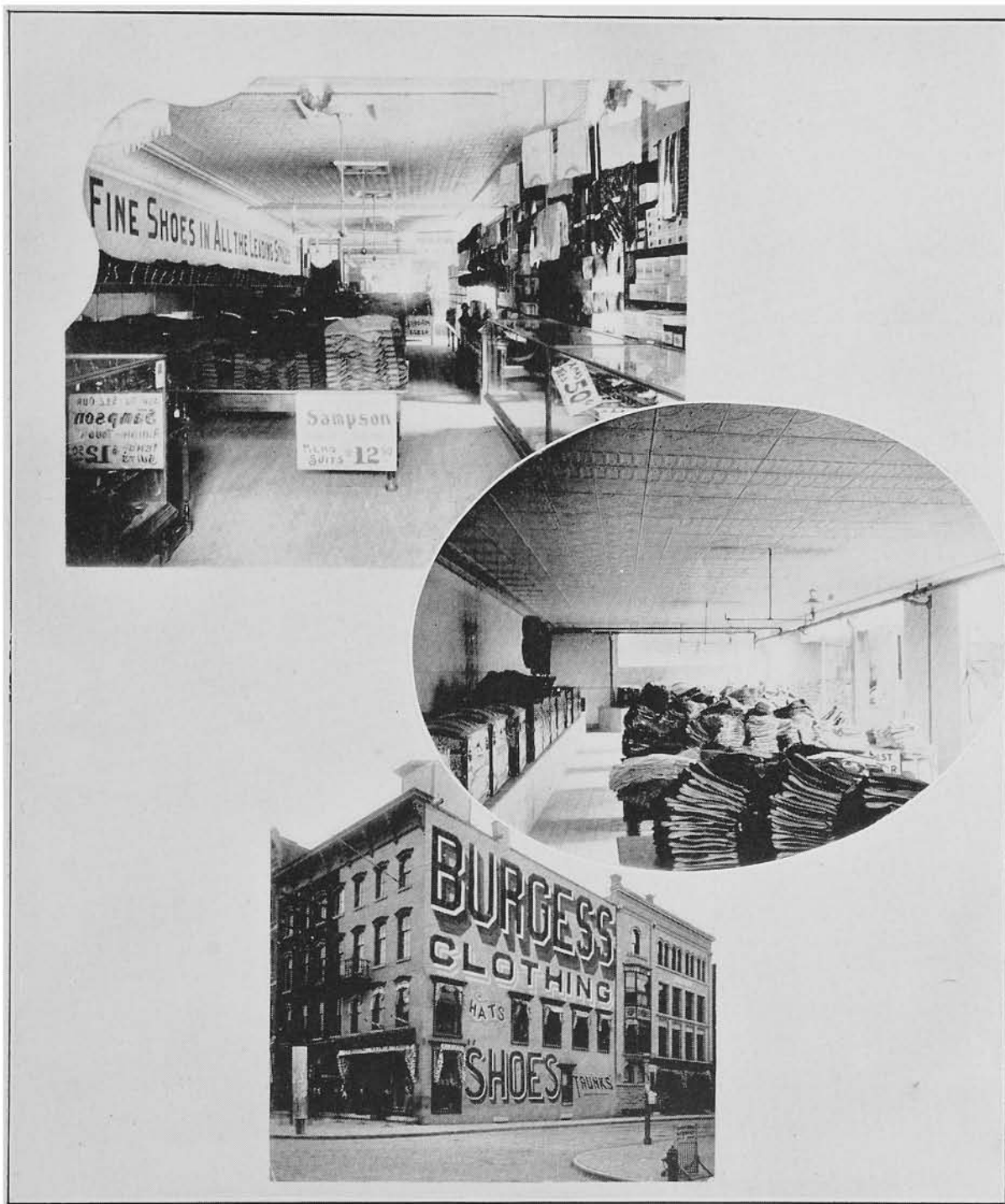


Borrowed Photo.

THE CORTLAND HOUSE.

tensive scale. About a month prior to the dissolution the firm bought this property, the most centrally located in the business section of the village. In 1895, when it became plain that more room would be required to accommodate the growing business, Mr. Burgess purchased Mr. Bingham's interest in the building, and the following year built in the rear a four-story addition, making the store nearly a third larger, providing a ground store area of 25 x 105 feet, and giving an ad-

play of trunks and overcoats in the basement, which is finished up with steel ceilings and side walls, and is as well lighted as the first floor. On April 1, 1897, Mr. Burgess opened a clothing store in the thriving village of Marathon, under the management of J. G. Barnes, which not only carries the same line of goods as the Cortland store, but in addition thereto a full stock of women and misses' shoes. On Dec. 1, 1897, he established a general clothing store in the Clark block, Homer,

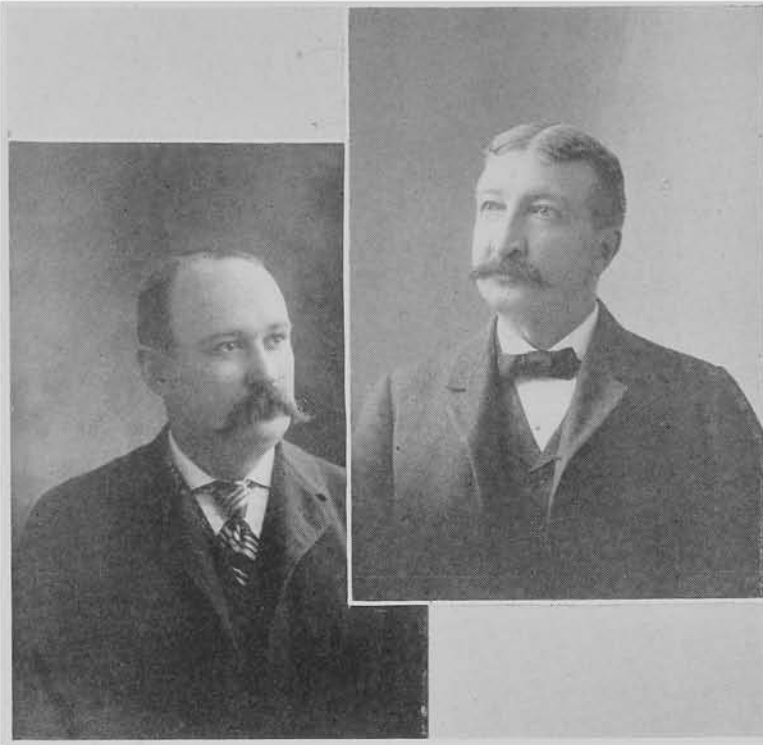


Harris and Butler, Photos. VIEWS OF A. S. BURGESS' STORE.

[See sk. p. 146.]

ditional entrance as well as an ample rear light from Railroad street. With so much extra room at his disposal, Mr. Burgess increased the scope of his business by putting in men's and boys' shoes, so that he is able to outfit men and boys from head to foot, giving them liberal range in making selections from ready-to-wear and made-to-order clothing, a full assortment of gentlemen's furnishings, hats, caps, trunks, traveling bags and dress suit cases. There are 2,000 square feet of room for the dis-

which is being successfully conducted by J. B. Latimer, along the same lines as the other two stores. Mr. Burgess was born in Solon, Cortland county, N. Y., May 31, 1863, and his first experience in trade was that of a salesman for W. S. Peck, Brother & Co. of Syracuse, N. Y. He held that position for three years and then came to Cortland to establish the business in which he has achieved marked success. On Feb. 9, 1893, he was married to Miss Minnie F. Mager of this village.

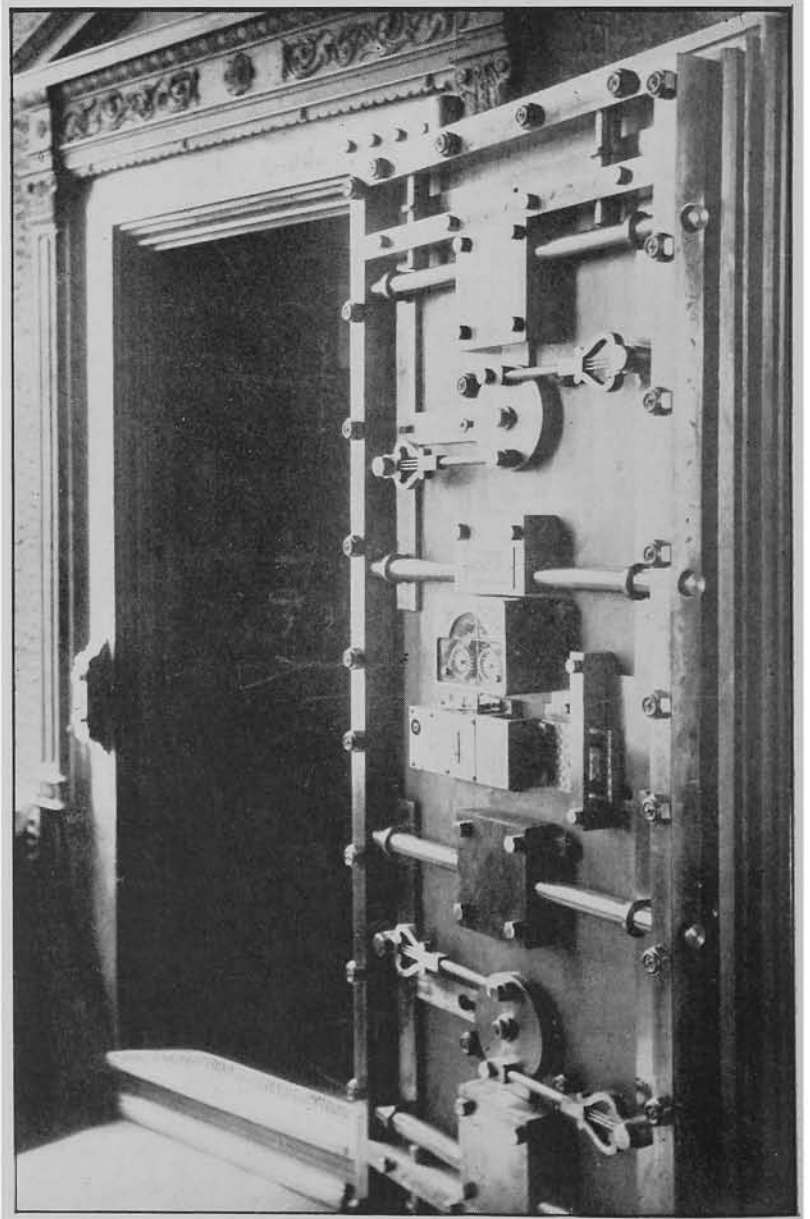


EDWARD ALLEY, (Hyatt, Photo.) EDWARD KEATOR, Cashier. President.

The First National Bank, one of the solid institutions of Cortland, was established in 1863, with Thomas Keator, president, Rufus Edwards, vice-president, and E. P. Slafter, cashier. Thomas Keator continued president of the bank until his death, June 25, 1879, and in the January following he was succeeded by Samuel Keator, who held the office until January, 1889, when Edward Keator, the present incumbent, took the office. Edward P. Slafter held the office of cashier until January, 1870, and was succeeded by William H. Crane in January, 1873. Fitz Boynton, who followed Mr. Crane, held office until Oct. 30, 1882, when Edward Keator was elected and continued in office until he was elected president, and was succeeded as cashier by Edward Alley, the present incumbent. Mr. Edward Keator was born in Delaware county, and was educated at the Quaker school at Union Springs and at the Clavrack Training School of Columbia county. He served an apprenticeship in the Cortland Democrat, and from there was advanced to a position in the bank of which his father was then president, and with which institution he has been connected for thirty years, of which time he acted as cashier from 1882 to 1889, and as president from the latter year to the present time. Mr. Keator is a member of the Masonic order. In 1889 he married Hattie, daughter of James Jones, formerly cashier of the Wyoming Bank of Wilkesbarre, Pa. Mr. Alley was born in Moravia, Feb. 24, 1864, and received his education at that place. May 12, 1884, he came to work in the First National Bank at Cortland as bookkeeper, and continued as such until elected cashier in January, 1889. At the same time he was made village treasurer. November 10, 1899, he was appointed supervisor to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of D. F. Wallace, and his term will not expire until November, 1901. He is an active Republican, and serves as inspector of election. On Sept. 7, 1886, he married Miss Elizabeth Newkirk of Cort-

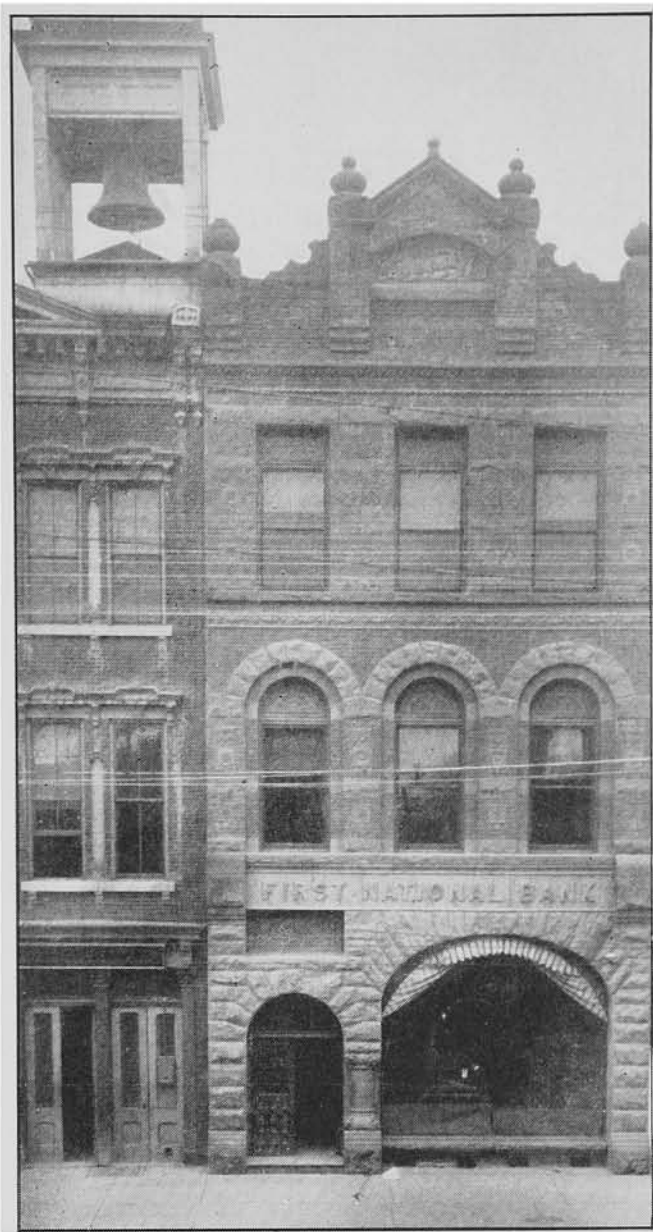
land. The First National Bank, the oldest national bank in Cortland county, was among the first organized in the United States, being No. 226 on the list at Washington. It has enjoyed thirty-six years of uninterrupted prosperity, and has accumulated a surplus equal to its capital. It has one of the best safe deposit vaults in Central New York, separate from the bank vault, and boxes for the safe deposit of valuables, rented at reasonable rates. Present directors of the bank are: Hon. A. A. Carley, Hon. O. U. Kellogg, Hon. Theodore H. Wickwire, Charles F. Brown, C. W. Stoker, Edward Keator, Samuel Keator, C. F. Wickwire, Edward Alley, R. B. Smith, Hector Cowan, E. M. Hulbert and R. Purvis. The officers are: Edward Keator, president; T. H. Wickwire, vice-president, and Edward Alley, cashier. The last statement to the Comptroller of the Currency shows the following healthy condition of the institution:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$366,164 42
U. S. Bonds, 4 per cent.....	31,250 00
Five Per Cent. Fund.....	1,406 25
Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages.....	262,041 84
Banking House.....	32,000 00
Cash and due from banks.....	142,436 53
	<hr/>
	\$835,299 04
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock.....	\$125,000 00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, net.....	120,987 69
Circulating Notes.....	28,125 00
Deposits and due banks.....	561,186 35
	<hr/>
Total.....	\$835,299 04

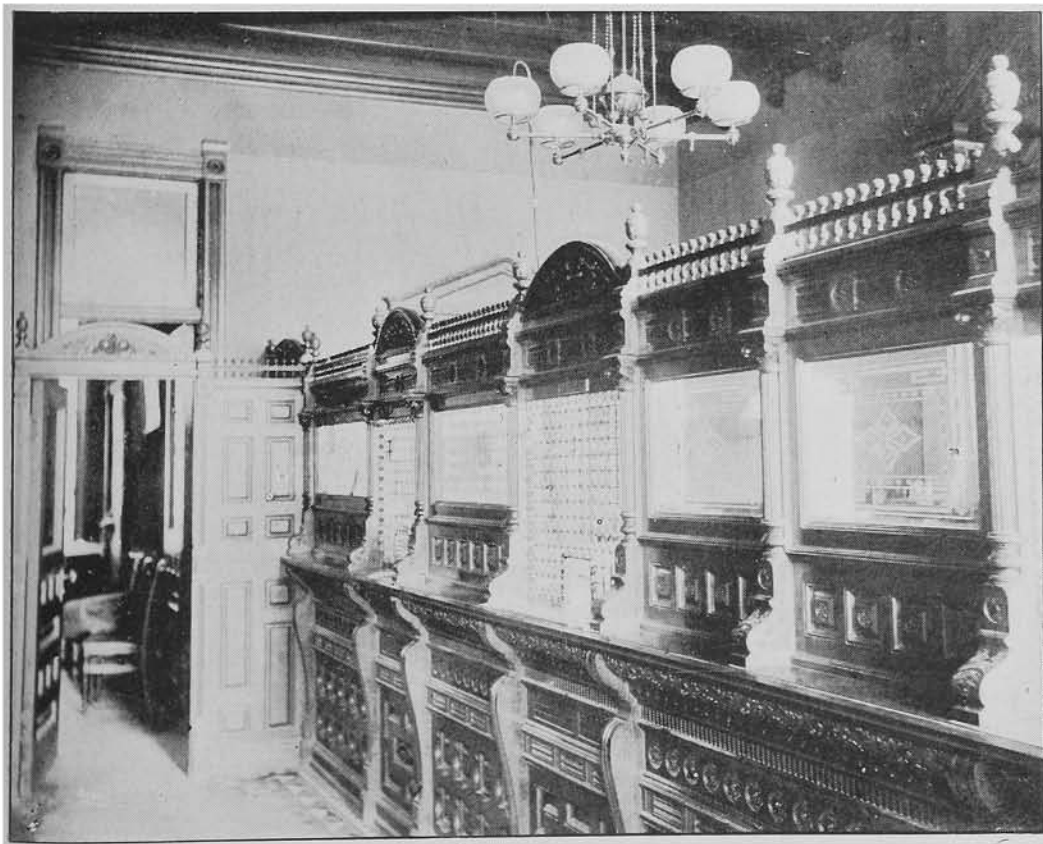


Harris, Photo. TIME LOCK—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Early Lawyers.—Many men who have attained more or less prominence here and elsewhere were members of the Cortland County bar. Victor Birdseye was a member of the Constitutional convention of 1821, of Congress, of the Assembly and of the Senate. Henry Stephens was a judge of Common Pleas and an assemblyman. His partner, Oliver Wiswell was an assistant judge of that court. Among the best known Cortland county lawyers was Thomas J. Oakley, an attorney-general and a prominent member of Congress. Elisha Williams was a leader in the state Assembly. Samuel Nelson was a delegate to the Constitutional convention of 1821, a Monroe presidential elector, a circuit judge in the Eighth Judicial district, a justice of the Supreme Court and afterwards of the United States, and a member of the Constitutional convention of 1846. Judge H. Gray attained prominence, in 1836 as a member of Congress, in 1846 as circuit judge, and for many years as a Supreme Court judge. Judge Ira Harris, who subsequently obtained distinction as a lawyer at Albany, spent his boyhood days and first studied law in Cortland county. He was a Member of Assembly, a state and United States senator and Justice of the Supreme Court. Nathan Dayton and Joseph Reynolds occupied the bench in the Court of Common Pleas. The latter also filled the positions of Presidential Elector, Congressman and Member of Assembly. William Henry Shankland was a Supreme Court Justice and while in that position was one of those who, as the constitution then provided, were selected to form the Court of Appeals bench. Horatio Ballard, also a distinguished lawyer, was a delegate to the two national conventions that nominated Polk and Buchanan, respectively. He was Secretary of State, a Member of Assembly and a delegate to the Constitutional convention of 1867. Henry S. Randall attained prominence as the author of the life of Thomas Jefferson. He served as Secretary of State and Member of Assembly, elected to both offices on the Democratic ticket. R. H. Duell was one of the more recent members of the Cortland County bar who attained distinction. He was a Member of Congress and afterwards a commissioner of



Harris, Photo. THE FIRST NAT'L BANK.



Harris, Photo. THE OFFICE—THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

patents. A. P. Smith held the office of county judge and surrogate for sixteen consecutive years, and was a lawyer of great ability.

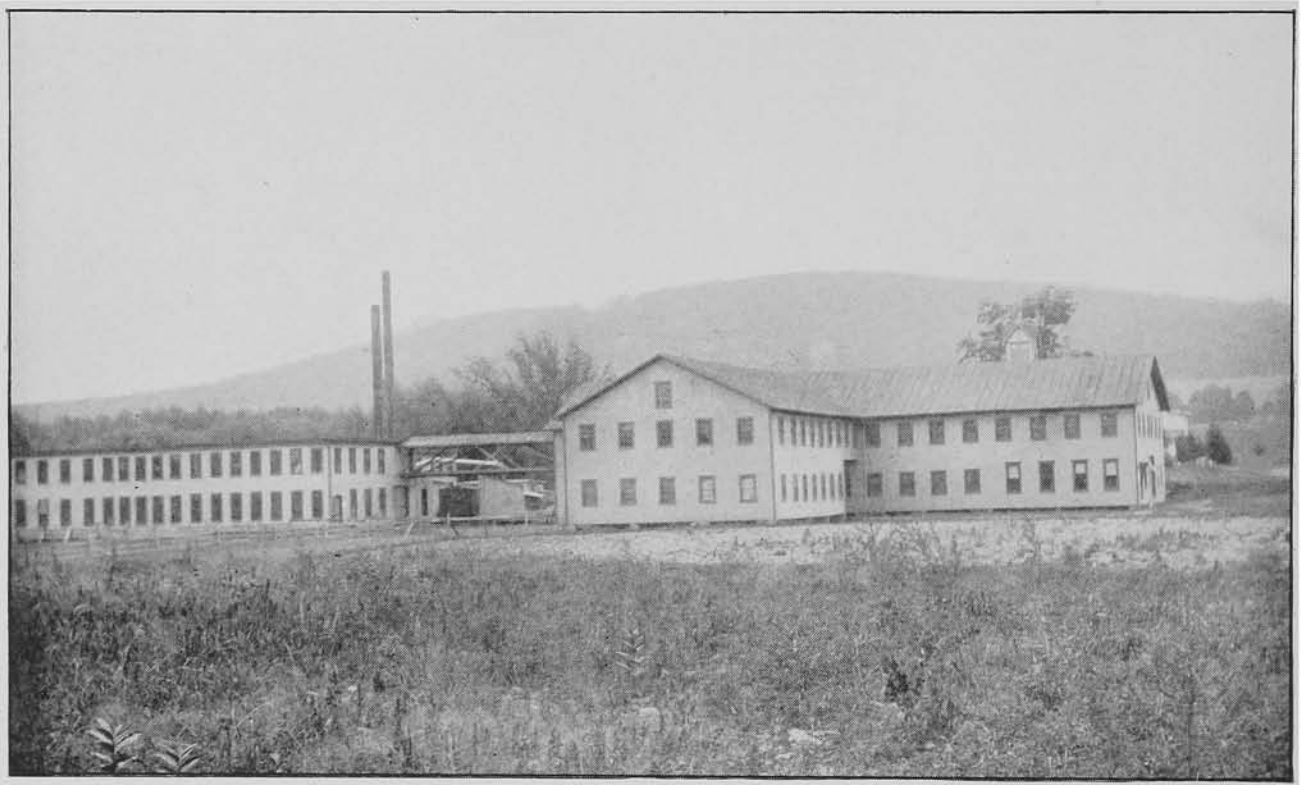
The 185th Regiment, mustered in Sept. 22, 1864, at Syracuse, included Co.'s E, F and G from Cortland, respectively officered as follows: E—Capt., Robert P. Bush; 1st Lieut., Herbert C. Rorapough; 2d Lieut., Pembroke Pierce. F—Capt., John W. Strowbridge; 1st Lieut., Andrew J. Lyman; 2d Lieut., Harrison Givens. G—Capt., A. H. Barber; 1st Lieut., Hiram Clark; 2d Lieut., Daniel Minier. In a week after being mustered in the regiment was in the breastworks in front of Petersburg, and was assigned to the First Brigade, First Division, Fifth Corps — Gen. Warren, Corps commander, Gen. Charles Griffin, Division, and Gen. Sickels, Brig-

ade commander. The regiment took an important part in many engagements around Petersburg and Richmond, and after the surrender of Lee was detailed to take charge of rebel prisoners. The 185th were mustered out May 30, 1865, at Washington.

The Cortland Door and Window Screen Co. was organized in the spring of 1887 by the present company, of which W. J. Greenman is the president and E. M. Hulbert the secretary. The plant, which is as complete for the manufacture of these products as any in the United States, includes a two-story building 45 x 200 feet, which encloses the office, the shipping department and storehouse, a wing 45 x 75 feet for the storage of manufactured goods, a main structure 50 x 200 feet in which the products are manufactured, with a wing 50 x 75 feet containing the wood-working department where the frames are constructed. The finishing department is in a building 30 x 60 feet, and there is a separate boiler and engine house

United States Senators from New York.—

Philip Schuyler, Albany, and Rufus King, New York, elected July 16, 1789; Aaron Burr, New York, (vice Schuyler), Jan. 19, 1791; John Lawrence, Queens Co., (vice Burr), Nov. 9, 1796; Philip Schuyler, Albany, (2nd term vice Burr), Jan. 24, 1797; John Schloss Hobart, Huntington, (vice Schuyler), Jan. 11, 1798; William North, Schenectady Co., (vice Hobart resigned), May 17, 1798; James Watson, New York, (vice North resigned), Aug. 17, 1798; Gouverneur Morris, Morrisania, (vice Watson), April 3, 1800; John Armstrong, Rhinebeck, (vice Lawrence), Nov. 6, 1800, re-elected Jan. 27, 1801; DeWitt Clinton, Newtown, (vice Armstrong, resigned), Feb. 9, 1802; Theodorius Bailey, Poughkeepsie, (vice Morris), Feb. 1, 1803; John Armstrong, Rhinebeck, (vice Clinton resigned), December, 1803; John Smith, Brookhaven, (vice Armstrong), Feb. 4, 1804; John Armstrong, Rhinebeck, (vice Bailey resigned), Feb. 4, 1804; Samuel L. Mitchell, New York, (vice Armstrong, resigned), Nov. 9, 1804; John Smith, Brook-



Harris, Photo.

THE SCREEN DOOR AND WINDOW WORKS.

40 x 50 feet. The machinery is driven with 200-horse power, which also furnishes heat and runs the dynamos which light the buildings. The capacity of the plant is 1,000 screen doors and 2,400 screen windows daily. The machinery includes twelve slitting saws and one gang saw, besides the required number of smaller machines necessary to work up the wood into desired lengths and patterns for frames, upon which the wire screen is securely and neatly fastened. The several buildings are connected so as to afford the best conveniences for handling the raw material and manufactured products. From the shipping room the goods are loaded into cars, which are run alongside upon a branch railway, and shipped to jobbers all over the United States. The company uses its own patents. The success of this enterprise, which is recognized by those who handle its products, is due altogether to the joint efforts of Messrs. Greenman and Hulbert, who from a small beginning in manufacturing screen doors and windows, have extended the trade all over the country and made permanent an industry which gives employment to a large number of Cortland people, and adds very materially to the prosperity of the village.

haven, (re-elected), Feb. 3, 1807; Obadiah German, Norwich, (vice Mitchell), Feb. 7, 1809; Rufus King, Jamaica, (vice Smith), Feb. 2, 1813; Nathan Sanford, New York, (vice German), Feb. 7, 1815; Rufus King, Jamaica, (re-elected), Jan. 8, 1820; Martin Van Buren, Columbia Co., (vice Sanford), Feb. 6, 1821; Nathan Sanford, New York, (vice King resigned), Jan. 14, 1826; Martin Van Buren, (re-elected); Feb. 6, 1827; Charles E. Dudley, Albany, (vice Van Buren resigned), Jan. 15, 1829; William L. Marcy, Albany (vice Sanford), Feb. 1, 1831; Silas Wright, Jr., St. Lawrence Co., (vice Marcy, resigned), Jan. 4, 1833; Nathaniel P. Tallmadge, Poughkeepsie, (vice Dudley), Feb. 5, 1833; Silas Wright, Jr., (re-elected) Feb. 7, 1837; Nathaniel P. Tallmadge, (re-elected), Jan. 14, 1840; Silas Wright, Jr., (re-elected), Feb. 7, 1843; Henry A. Foster, Rome, (vice Wright resigned), Nov. 30, 1844; Daniel S. Dickinson, Binghamton, (vice Tallmadge resigned), Nov. 30, 1844; again to fill vacancy Jan. 18, 1845; John A. Dix, Albany, (vice Foster), Jan. 18, 1845; Daniel S. Dickinson, (re-elected), Feb. 4, 1845; William H. Seward, Auburn, (vice Dix), Feb. 6, 1849; re-elected Feb. 6, 1855; Hamilton Fish, New York, (vice Dick-

inson), March 19, 1851; Preston King, Ogdensburg, (vice Fish), Feb. 3, 1857; Ira Harris, Albany, (vice Seward), Feb. 5, 1861; Edwin D. Morgan, New York, (vice King), Feb. 3, '63; Roscoe Conkling, Utica (vice Harris), Jan. 16, 1867 — re-elected Jan. 22, 1873 — re-elected Jan. 22, 1879; Reuben E. Fenton, Jamestown, (vice Morgan), Jan. 20, 1869; Francis Kernan, Utica, (vice Fenton), Jan. 21, 1875; Thomas C. Platt, Owego, (vice Kernan), Jan. 20, 1881; Warner Miller, Herkimer, (vice Platt, resigned), July 16, 1881; Elbridge G. Lapham, Canandaigua, (vice Conkling, resigned), July 22, 1881; Wm. M. Evarts, New York, (vice Lapham), Jan. 20, 1885; Frank Hiscock, Syracuse, (vice Miller), Jan. 20, 1887; David B. Hill, Elmira, (vice Evarts), Jan. 21, 1891; Edward Murphy, jr., Troy, (vice Hiscock), Jan. 17, 1892; Thos. C. Platt, Owego, (vice Hill), Jan. 20, 1897; Chauncey M. Depew, New York, (vice Murphy), Jan. 20, 1899.

The 157th Regiment was mustered in Sept. 19, 1862, at Hamilton, Madison Co., for three years. Companies C, D, E, H and K were from Cortland county, and the remainder were from Madison county, except about thirty who were from Chenango county. The regiment arrived in Albany Sept. 26, 1862, where they were presented with a stand of colors, and reached New York that evening. The regiment was moved from Washington to Fairfax Court House and assigned to the First Brigade, Third Division, Eleventh Corps. Gen. Franz Sigel was the corps commander and Gen.

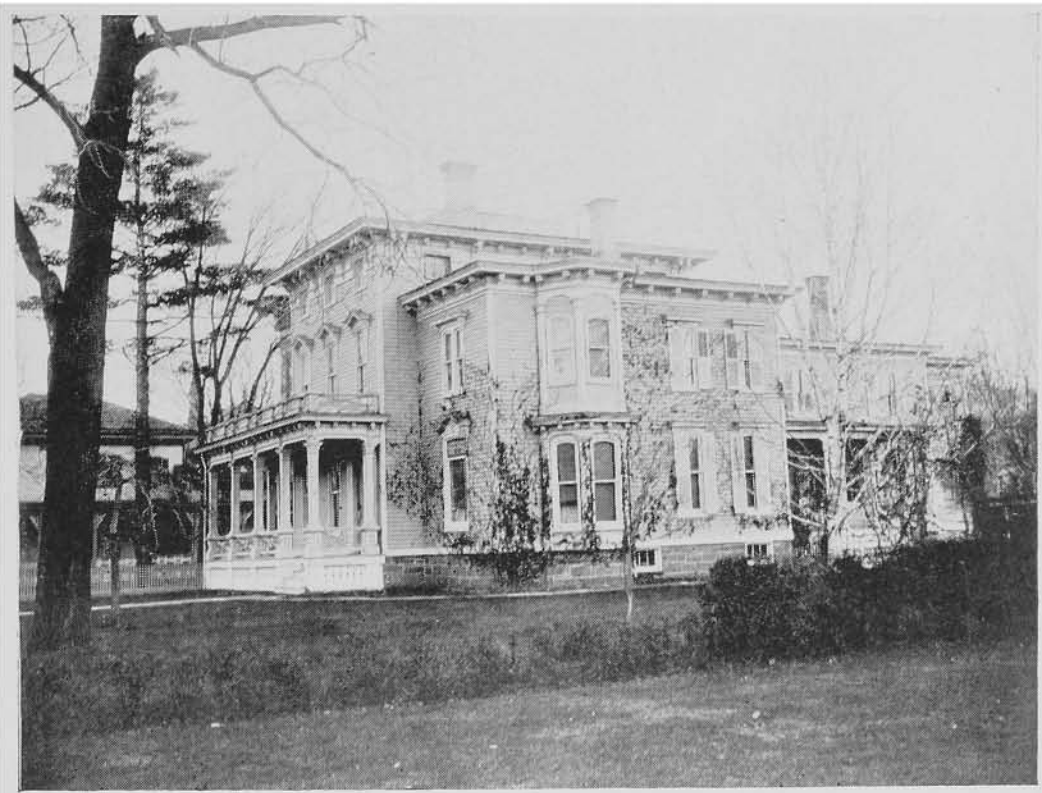


Photo by Harris.

E. M. HULBERT'S RESIDENCE.

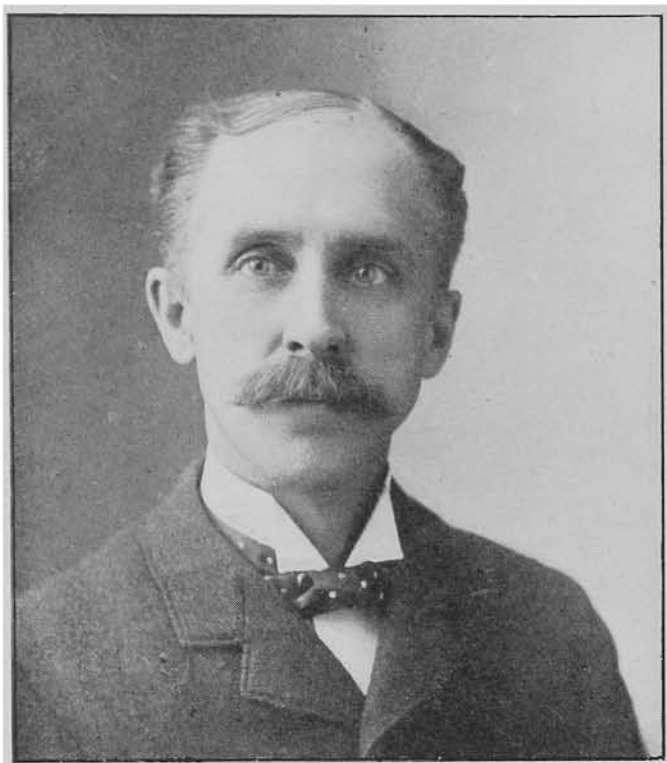
Carl Schurz the Division commander. The regiment later joined Burnside's army and spent Christmas and a part of January in front of Fredericksburg and was then ordered into winter quarters at Oakland farm. But early in February another move was made and during the following spring, until the engagement at Chancellorsville, the regiment was most of the time on the march. In that fight over a hundred men were killed, wounded or captured. "The Bloody Roll Call," following the first day's fight at Gettysburg proves that the 157th was in the thick of that fight: "Co. A, six privates, one corporal, one sergeant; Co. B, five privates, one corporal; Co. C, six privates, one corporal, one sergeant; Co. D, six privates, one corporal, one sergeant; Co. E, two privates; Co. F, five privates, two corporals, one sergeant; Co.

G, seven privates, two corporals; Co. I, two corporals— Total, 51." On Aug. 12 the regiment was landed on Folly Island off Charleston, S. C. In April, 1864, the regiment received a stand of colors presented by the citizens of Cortland county. Soon afterwards the regiment was moved to Florida, six companies being located at Fernandina and the balance at Picolata. On June 15, the command was at Hilton Head, and on July 5 participated in an engagement near Charleston. In the fight at Hovey Hill, shortly after, the 157th and the 56th were in action side by side. Early in 1865 the regiment did garrison duty and constituted part of an expedition which occupied their time until mustered out, July 10, 1865, and precipitated them into several sharp engagements. The regiment left for the front organized as follows: Regimental officers, Colonel,



Photo by Harris.

W. J. GREENMAN'S RESIDENCE.



Hyatt, Photo. CHARLES F. BROWN.

P. P. Brown, Jr.; Lieutenant-Colonel, Geo. Arrow-smith; Major, J. C. Carmichael; Quarter-Master, P. H. McGraw; Surgeon, H. C. Hendrick; Assistant Surgeons, G. M. Crowe, F. D. Beebe; Adjutant, O. E. Messinger; Sergeant-Major, B. S. Fitch; Quarter-Master-Sergeant, C. O. Newton; Commissary-Sergeant, A. W. Kingsbury; Drum-Major, Andrew Bates.

Line Officers	1st Lieut.	2nd Lieut.
Co. A—Capt. J. H. Smith	G. R. Seaton	J. L. Palmer
" B—Capt. T. J. Randall	J. C. Ware	C. H. VanSlyke
" C—Capt. Frank Place	J. A. Coffin	Job D. Potter
" D—Capt. W. O. Dunbar	S. Z. Miner	L. E. Stillman
" E—Capt. B. B. Andrews	J. K. Backus	B. F. Jones
" F—Capt. J. R. Stone	W. A. Stone	S. Wickwire
" G—Capt. A. Tuttle	W. D. Bailey	H. Frank
" H—Capt. Wm. Beck	— Buck	George Adams
" I—Capt. W. Bellinger	T. W. Priest	Wm. Snider
" K—Capt. N. M. Daniels	Wm. Barnum	L. O. Kinney

C. F. Brown, the druggist at No. 53 Main street, has been in that business in Cortland, where he started in trade, since 1881, when in company with M. M. Maybury he bought out C. H. Bradford, who was then engaged in the drug trade in the store now occupied by Hopkins, the grocer, on the west side of Main street. Brown & Maybury, the new firm, were in partnership until the spring of 1893, when the former purchased Mr. Maybury's interest, and since then conducted the business alone in a manner that has made it one of the most successful stores in town. After Mr. Bradford's retirement and the firm had taken the business, they remained at the old place about three months, and then decided to change their

location to the opposite side of the street. So they moved into the store which is now occupied by G. H. Ames, taking one side only, leaving the other to be taken by J. C. Gray, jeweler. A year later the firm found their quarters too much cramped for the business they were doing. There was not an empty store to be had in town, and they adopted an expedient not commonly attempted,—that of buying out a man's business for the purpose of getting the store he occupied. E. H. Bates was running a grocery at Mr. Brown's present quarters. Brown & Maybury struck a bargain for his entire lot of goods, and in sixty days closed out at retail over the counters without advertising or putting it up at auction. Then what had been a grocery became a drug store, with ample conveniences and plenty of room. The store has since been remodeled and an increased capacity has been obtained by taking possession of the third floor. The additional floor has proven indispensable for two reasons. It is used for the fitting and sale of trusses, which is one of the specialties of the business, and is a valuable place for keeping the fine, high-priced powdered drugs, which are used largely in tinctures and fluid extracts that enter into physicians' prescriptions. They are very sensitive to heat and cannot be kept as well in the temperature that is required to make the store comfortable. The prescription department is a decided feature of C. F. Brown's store, and it is understood to be as complete as that of any pharmacy outside of the large cities. The paints handled by this house are among the very best ready-mixed on the market, and include a large supply of everything for house use, builders and carriage manufacturers. Mr. C. F. Brown was born in Homer, Jan. 14, 1858, and he went to school at the Homer and the Cortland academies and at the Cortland Normal school. He is a graduate of the Intermediate department, and was a pupil three years in the Academic department of the latter institution. Upon leaving school he entered into a clerkship for G. W. Bradford and continued seven years in his employ, where he learned the profession of pharmacist. He was married to Sara, the daughter of Samuel Keator, who at the time was president of the First National Bank, on



Photo by Hyatt. CHARLES F. BROWN'S DRUG STORE.

Nov. 22, 1883. Mr. Brown is an active member and trustee of the First Baptist church, and is prominent as a member of the local Masonic order and the Odd Fellows, he at present being a senior warden in the Masonic lodge, and a director in the First National Bank. He is the senior member of the school board, and has been active in the development of the present most excellent system of public schools. He was on the board which constructed the Central school building, filling a vacancy by appointment received from the board. Since then he has retained member-

William L. Marcy (Rensselaer), Nov. 7, 1832; William H. Seward (Cayuga), Nov. 7, 1838; William C. Bouck (Schoharie), Nov. 8, 1842; Silas Wright (St. Lawrence), Nov. 5, 1844; John Young (Livingston), Nov. 3, 1846; Hamilton Fish, (New York), Nov. 7, 1848; Washington Hunt (Niagara), Nov. 5, 1850; Horatio Seymour (Oneida), Nov. 2, 1852; Nov. 4, 1862; Myron H. Clark (Ontario), Nov. 7, 1854; John A. King (Queens), Nov. 4, 1856; Edwin D. Morgan (New York), Nov. 2, 1858; Reuben E. Fenton (Chautauqua), Nov. 8, 1864; John T. Hoffman (New York), Nov. 3, 1868; John



EAST SIDE MAIN STREET, CORNER COURT, 1870.

"Stand. Ind. Ed."

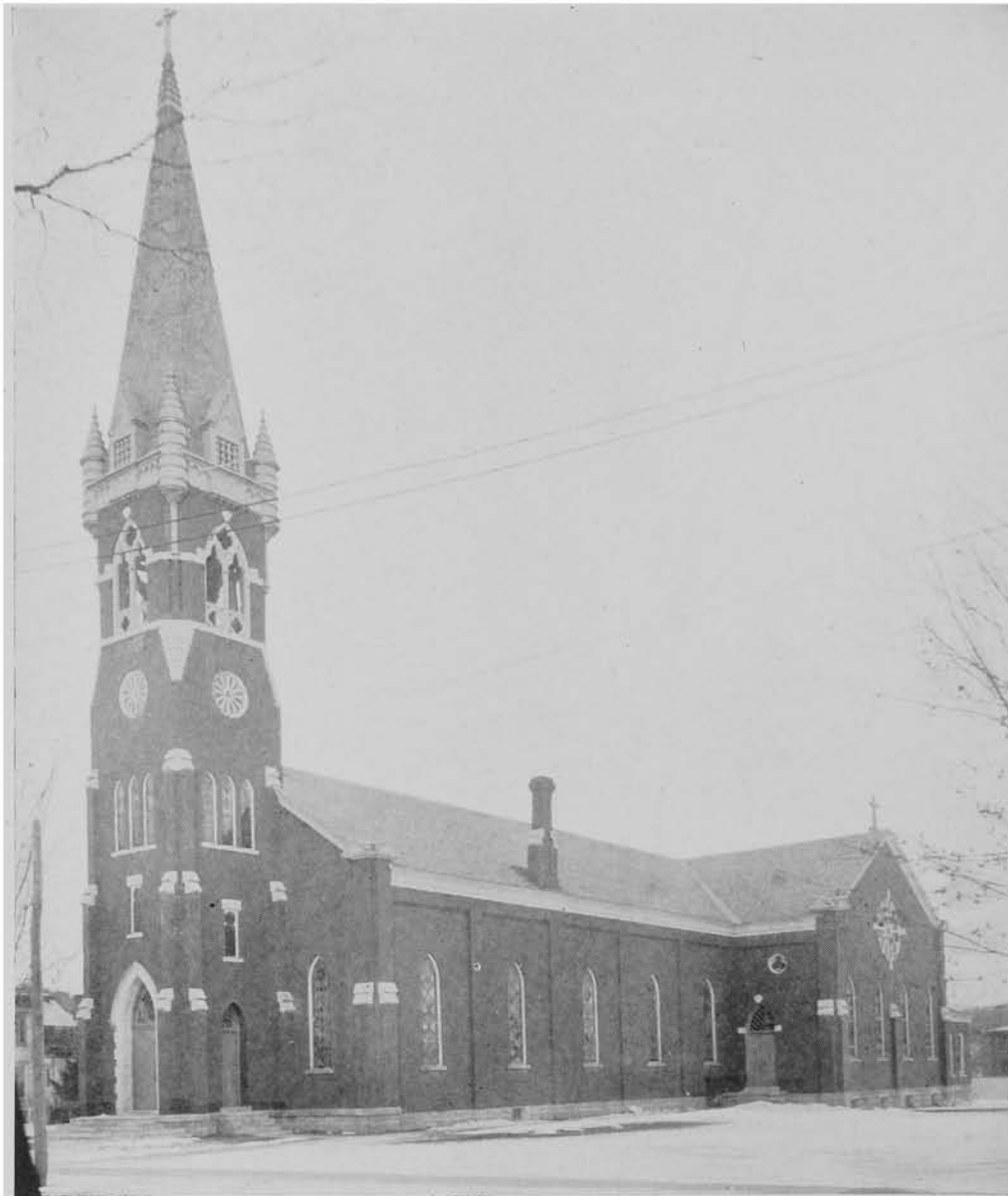
ship on the board by virtue of being three times elected.

Governors of New York.—George Clinton (Ulster Co.), elected July 9, 1776; April, 1801; John Jay (New York), April, 1795; Morgan Lewis (Dutchess), April, 1804; Daniel D. Tompkins (Richmond), April, 1807; John Taylor Lieut.-Gov. (Albany), March, 1817; DeWitt Clinton (New York), November, 1817; Nov. 8, 1824; Joseph C. Yates (Schenectady), Nov. 6, 1822; Nathaniel Pitcher, Lieut.-Gov. (Washington), Feb. 11, 1828; Martin Van Buren (Columbia), Nov. 5, 1828; Enos T. Throop, Lieut.-Gov. (Cayuga), March 12, 1829;

A. Dix (New York), Nov. 5, 1872; Samuel J. Tilden (New York), Nov. 3, 1874; Lucius Robinson (Chemung), Nov. 7, 1876; Alonzo B. Cornell (New York), Nov. 4, 1879; Grover Cleveland* (Erie), Nov. 7, 1882; David B. Hill (Chemung), Lieut.-Gov., Jan. 6, 1885; elected November, 1885 and re-elected November, 1888; Roswell P. Flower (New York), Nov. 3, 1891; Levi P. Morton (Dutchess), Nov. 6, 1894; Frank S. Black (Rensselaer), Nov. 3, 1896; Theodore Roosevelt (Queens), Nov. 8, 1898.

*Only New York governor elected to and occupying the Presidential chair before the expiration of his term as governor.

The Church of St. Mary of the Vale, situated on North Main street, opposite Madison avenue, was erected in 1868. The rapid growth of the increasing population of Cortland finally necessitated the enlargement of the then towerless edifice, and in 1878 it was greatly increased in size by the addition of a transept with two spacious vestries attached thereto, and the raising of a handsome tower and spire. The latter was partially destroyed by fire in the fall of 1898, and was rebuilt in a more imposing manner under the supervision of Architect Russell of Syracuse. The church, which compares favorably with the most pretentious house of worship in a parish of this size, stands as a monument to the taste of the



Butler, Photo.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.

architect and the credit of Mr. Harrison, the builder. The walls are of dark red brick, with light colored trimmings. The auditorium has a seating capacity of 920, while the membership numbers more than 2,000. The grounds, which are neatly cared for, were enlarged in 1899 by the purchase of an adjoining tract 50 by 70 feet, from Mrs. Butler. A new organ was placed in the church in 1896 at a cost of \$3,000, Barnes & Mowry of Utica being the builders. In addition to the high altar erected in 1888, two side altars, the gifts of the Sodalities, have since been added. Other members of the parish, whose names have been published from the pulpit, have donated statuary, beautiful crucifixes, two magnificent candelabras and other necessary furnishings, thus

beautifying the sanctuary and making it as nearly worthy of the continuous abode of the Blessed Sacrament as is possible by means of human skill and taste. Besides, a beautiful set of Stations was placed in the church a few years ago and solemnly blessed by Rt. Rev. P. A. Ludden, Bishop of Syracuse. The first Catholic church building in Cortland was a small wooden structure, erected on Port Watson street in 1855. Father Callen was then ministering to the spiritual wants of the Catholics in this village. No definite and detailed record of the church of that period is at hand, but it is known that it was not until 1864, when Rev. Father Coleman located in Cortland, that the Catholic church here had a resident pastor, it always having been attended from Norwich. Rev. Father Coleman was succeeded in the fall of 1867 by the Very Rev. B. F. McLoughlin. His first assistant was Rev. Father Thomas McLoughlin, who was with him from 1877 to 1884, and who is now the pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Angels at Whitehall. He was succeeded by Rev. J. J. McLoughlin, who continued as assistant pastor until the death of the Very Rev. B. F. McLoughlin, which occurred Nov. 21, 1888, when he became the pastor, a post he has since so ably and satisfactorily occupied greatly to the spiritual advantage of his parishioners and with eminent credit to himself. Both of the Very Rev. B. F. McLoughlin's assistants were his nephews. He was a man of dignified, yet kindly bearing, whose many virtues shone in his every act and word. "Father Mack," he was familiarly called, gave him no offence, as he encouraged a feeling of close and pleasant relations between himself and his parishioners, without surrendering any of his dignity, that endeared him to them all. His affable manner and priestly character made him a wide circle of admirers throughout the community at large. He was ordained at Mount St. Mary's, and his first pastorate was at Keese-

ville, a small Adirondack village a few miles distant from the shore of Lake Champlain. During twenty years he ministered to a large parish at Little Falls, and from there he went to Syracuse to take charge of St. John's church, now the cathedral. His third and last parish was at Cortland. He died in his seventy-first year—his fortieth in priesthood—and his remains now repose in an hermetically sealed tomb in a sightly knoll at St. Mary's cemetery, guarded by a moulded granite shaft surmounted by a cross, the holy emblem toward which he guided the footsteps of his people. It was during his spiritual rule that the Catholics of Cortland constructed their handsome church, but it was after his death when they built the imposing parochial residence which stands on

the opposite side of Main street, a short distance south of the church. Soon after he assumed charge of the parish he started the movement for a new house of worship, selecting the site with that rare perception and good judgment which marked all of his efforts in behalf of the congregation. Midst some difficulties he persevered, supported by the loyalty of his people, and after ten years of hard labor he and his flock were rewarded by substantial fruit of their toil, — a church which is an architectural ornament to the main street of the village. The parochial residence, constructed in 1891 under Father John's direction, is an imposing, handsome brick structure. And now the society is practically out of debt. In 1890 forty-five

acres were purchased for a new cemetery. Thirty acres were artistically laid out and were consecrated by Rt. Rev. Bishop Ludden of Syracuse, Oct. 25, 1891. The church is blessed with two Sodalities, the Rosary, the Altar society, the C. M. B. A. and other flourishing societies, each of which, with a large active membership, is doing very much toward promoting the welfare of the church.

Rev. John J. McLoughlin, who has greatly endeared himself to his people, and who is very popular among all classes of people in Cortland, was born in Ireland in 1856, and was educated for the priesthood in the College of the Immaculate Conception at Summer Hill, Athlone, where he was graduated in 1877. Upon coming to the United States he entered the University of Niagara, where he passed his examinations in October, and was ordained a priest Dec. 27, 1881, at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Albany, N. Y. He



Butler, Photo. INTERIOR OF ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.

first went to Oswego as the assistant of Rev. Father Griffa, where he remained until 1884, when he came to Cortland as the assistant of his uncle.

St. Mary's Church Choir is an organization with a history for a score of years of considerable interest, but its remarkable growth and efficiency have been made during the past three years under the capable leadership of Frank W. Lanigan and who has been ably assisted by his wife as organist. Mr. Lanigan has been a member of the choir for sixteen years, and so his familiarity with sacred music naturally entitled him to the position of leader; but in addition to experience he has shown rare tact and executive power. Under his leadership the choir has increased from eleven to thirty-one members; they have learned more than twenty complete masses, the ones recently mastered being Marzò's, Rosewig's in F, Le Jeal's, Millard's in C, and Gounod's; their Vespers include the Gregorian, Fiske's, LeJeal's, and Rosewig's. As an illustration of practical business, it is worth stating that under the auspices of this choir "The Merry Milkmaids" was presented two evenings, spring '98, from which they realized \$200 to be expended for music. Following are the members of the choir: Soprano, Margaret B. Lanigan, Mary Dowd, Anna Burns, Mrs. Daniel Kernan, Ella Dexter, Kattie Gamell, Katherine Littleton, Augusta Crossman, Nora Littleton, Agnes Mourin, Elizabeth Byrnes, Frances Mourin, Josie Lynch; alto, Elizabeth O'Connell, Mary Constantine, Katherine Walsh, Josie Sullivan, Katherine Coligan, Nora Hennessy;



Butler, Photo. ST. MARY'S PAROCHIAL RESIDENCE.