

PERSONAL SKETCHES.

HARTWELL B. COMPSON.

Hartwell B. Compson, son of Jonas W. Compson, was born in Tyre, Seneca County, May 4, 1842, and prior to the war of the rebellion was a farmer. Both patriotic and martial in spirit, he was one of the first to volunteer his services. He enlisted under Captain Guion, of the New York Thirty-third, in the spring of 1861. Being but eighteen years of age, he was taken back by his father, and resumed farm-work; but he "longed to follow to the field some warlike leader," and, hearing that a cavalry company was being recruited at Seneca Falls, under B. F. Sisson, while at work plowing, he turned the horses loose, made his way to the village, and enlisted on September 28, 1861, in Company G, Eighth New York Cavalry, as a private. His parents ceased to oppose his wishes, and he was sworn into service. He was appointed Corporal October 1, 1861, Duty Sergeant October 10, 1861, and Orderly Sergeant December 8, 1862. In the sixty-four battles and skirmishes of this regiment, he was never absent. Three horses were shot from under him, and yet he escaped uninjured. He was promoted Second Lieutenant December 29, 1862, First Lieutenant June 25, 1863, Captain February 9, 1864, and Major November 20, 1864. He was placed in command of the regiment on December 20, 1864, and two days later led them at the battle of Lacy Springs. On March 2, he commanded at Waynesboro', where he was credited with capturing six pieces of artillery, nine portable forges, ten battle-flags, two hundred wagons and ambulances, fifteen hundred stand of small arms, eight hundred teams, one general, three colonels, fifty officers, and nine to twelve hundred men. He was detailed by General Sheridan as bearer of dispatches and seventeen rebel flags, to turn over to the Secretary of War. He received a medal of honor from Congress, and a commission of Brevet-Colonel. Returning home, he engaged in farming until 1866, when he removed to Grand Rapids, Michigan, and engaged in building and real estate business. After the great fire in Chicago he went there, and has erected some of the finest and largest buildings in the city. Seneca County may have nobler, braver, and abler men than Compson, but their number is limited, and the rapid promotion of a farmer-boy of eighteen, to the command of a regiment of cavalry has few parallels.

JASON SMITH.

Jason Smith, Esq., of the town of Tyre, Seneca County, was born in Bristol, Addison County, Vermont, on October 7, 1795. He was the fifth child in a family of eleven, and the oldest son. At the age of eight, he accompanied his father to the dense and almost unbroken forests of this region, and on April 12, 1803, first set foot on the farm now owned and occupied by him, and situated on the southeast corner of Lot No. 36, in the Military township of Junius, now, as named by him, the town of Tyre. His father, Asa Smith, had been a farmer in the East, and, desirous of bettering his condition, had made the long and tedious journey to his future home in the spring of 1802, with a yoke of oxen. Here he had felled a patch of timber, put up a log house, cleared a piece of ground, sowed it in wheat, and then returned to bring out the family.

Young Smith, on his arrival at his primitive woodland home, engaged with ardor in the pioneer labors of the lighter order, and assisted his father as boys of that time were able and were called on to do. There was no sudden accession of property, but slowly the work was carried forward year by year, amidst the severest hardships and privations, until, in the lapse of time, ease and comfort have been realized. Early schooling was acquired from the teachings of Nancy Osman, in the log house erected near the Smith farm. Later teachers were Richard Thomas and John Roberts, and first religious instruction was heard from the mouth of Rev. David Irish. In the spring of 1814, Jason, at the age of eighteen, enlisted in a company of six-months' volunteers, raised by Captain William Hooper, Dobbin's regiment, Porter's Brigade, and served with honor through the sanguinary campaign in Upper Canada. The term of enlistment expired, Smith received his discharge at Batavia, November 8, 1814, and returned to the old home.

Having a natural aptitude for mechanics, Smith had assisted one George Alfred in the framing of a barn built for his father, Asa Smith, in 1810, and afterwards taken work on his own account, and engaged in the construction of Cayuga Bridge. Shortly after his discharge, he resolved to make carpentry his trade. He found

constant employment for two years, when the age and increasing infirmity of the father warned him to lay aside work, and he called on Jason to come home and take charge of the farm. He cheerfully complied, and has remained on the old place till this, the summer of 1876. He was united in marriage to Miss Sarah, daughter of Judah and Ethalinda Wells, in the year 1824. Of three children, one died in infancy, one grew to manhood, and in 1870 became a resident of Sacramento, California, and a third, the Rev. P. E. Smith, has for the last ten years been a worthy and efficient pastor of the Baptist Church at Magee's Corners. Smith's parents died, the mother in 1840, the father in 1841, and the farm was left to Asa as his heritage. Mrs. Sarah Smith had died in 1829, and in 1834, Mr. Smith married again, his wife being Amanda Lemmon, daughter of Charles Lemmon. Twelve children were given them, of whom seven only are now living. Mrs. Amanda Smith died in 1868, and the youngest daughter, Mary A., has kept the house for her father, while the younger son, Ruel L. Smith, has been in charge of the farm.

In person, Jason Smith is above the medium height, is strong and active, and of remarkably retentive memory, as illustrated in the history of Tyre. He has been Vice-President of the County Agricultural Society from its origin in 1841, for many years; was elected Justice of the Peace in 1827, and, save a few terms, has been in office ever since, and now, in 1876, has just been chosen for an additional four years. He has served as Supervisor, Commissioner of Schools, Side Judge, and as Postmaster in 1830, under Jackson's administration; served over sixteen years, and resigned in Polk's term; was again appointed under Grant, and still holds the office. A captain in a rifle company of the Eleventh New York in 1828, he offered his services in 1862, at Syracuse, to aid in crushing the rebellion, and was refused by Governor Morgan, who remarked that his age was too great, and that there were sufficient young men to fight this battle of fifty years from his strife with English aggression. Mr. Smith has been a consistent, efficient, and faithful citizen, and in all that regards love of country, local advancement, educational interest, and religious development, has been an active member of the Commonwealth. He is now in his eighty-first year, in full possession of his powers—mental and physical; takes a deep interest in the progress of events, and enjoys the regard of an extended circle of acquaintances. His youth was knowing to battle with the Briton; his manhood given to conquest of the forest; his age to social and official duty. His later years are watched over by affection's kindly care. Pleasurably recalling the incidents of the "olden time," enjoying the present, the days glide by swiftly and silently, and, in the reserved vitality not common to his age, he bids fair to see yet many years ere life is done.

WILLIAM KLINE.

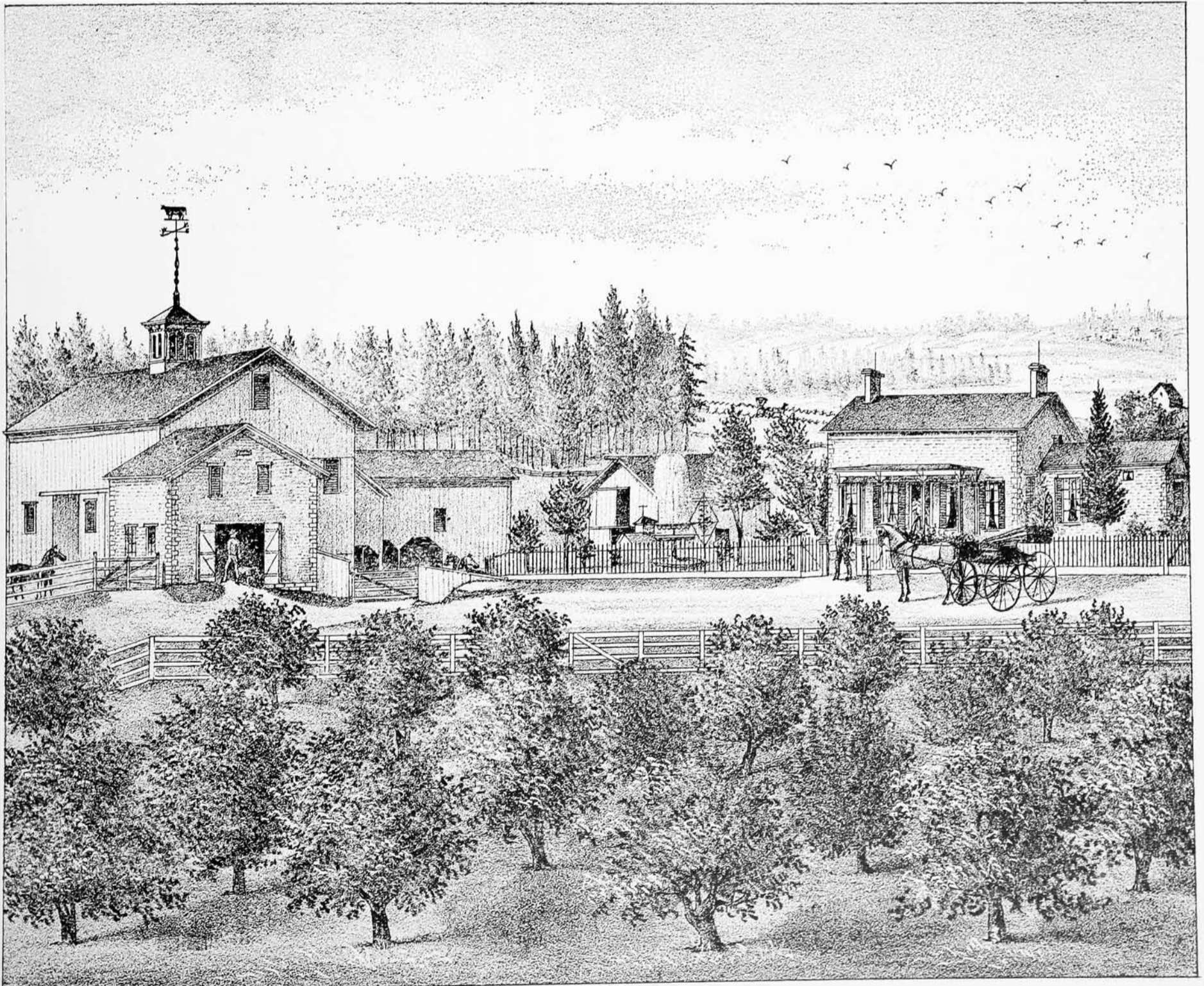
The records of pioneer periods of settlement are characterized by gradual changes from the pole-hut, log cabin, hewed-log house, to the well-built and pretentious frame. These styles of architecture evidence the progress of civilization, and the presence of the water saw-mill on the run, branch, or river, has been the lever for this upward movement. The house indicates somewhat its tenants, and the manufacturer of lumber aids men to properly represent themselves. In this light we view the services to the community of Seneca Falls of William Kline, a settler at that village in the fall of 1828. For many years, the saw-mill of Mr. Kline contributed its material for the houses erected in the neighborhood. He was a native of Berks County, Pennsylvania, at which place he was born, September 29, 1804. His marriage to Phoebe Parker bears date July 20, 1831, and took place at Seneca Falls. From a family of ten children, seven are living. About 1859, Mr. Kline purchased a farm in the town of Tyre, and upon it remained till his death, which transpired August 19, 1874. His was no slow wearing out by sickness, but a sudden yet not violent death, as is the case with those who have lived out their allotted days. His wife, surviving, finds a pleasant home with her children. In the lives of quiet workers like Mr. Kline, eulogy is superfluous and censure is unjust, and there is a volume of meaning in the sentence which truthfully delineates him as an honest, upright, reliable man, kind and provident to his family, desirous of no office, knowing no enemies, mingling with no sect or party, and quietly pursuing the even tenor of his way until his days were numbered and his time came.



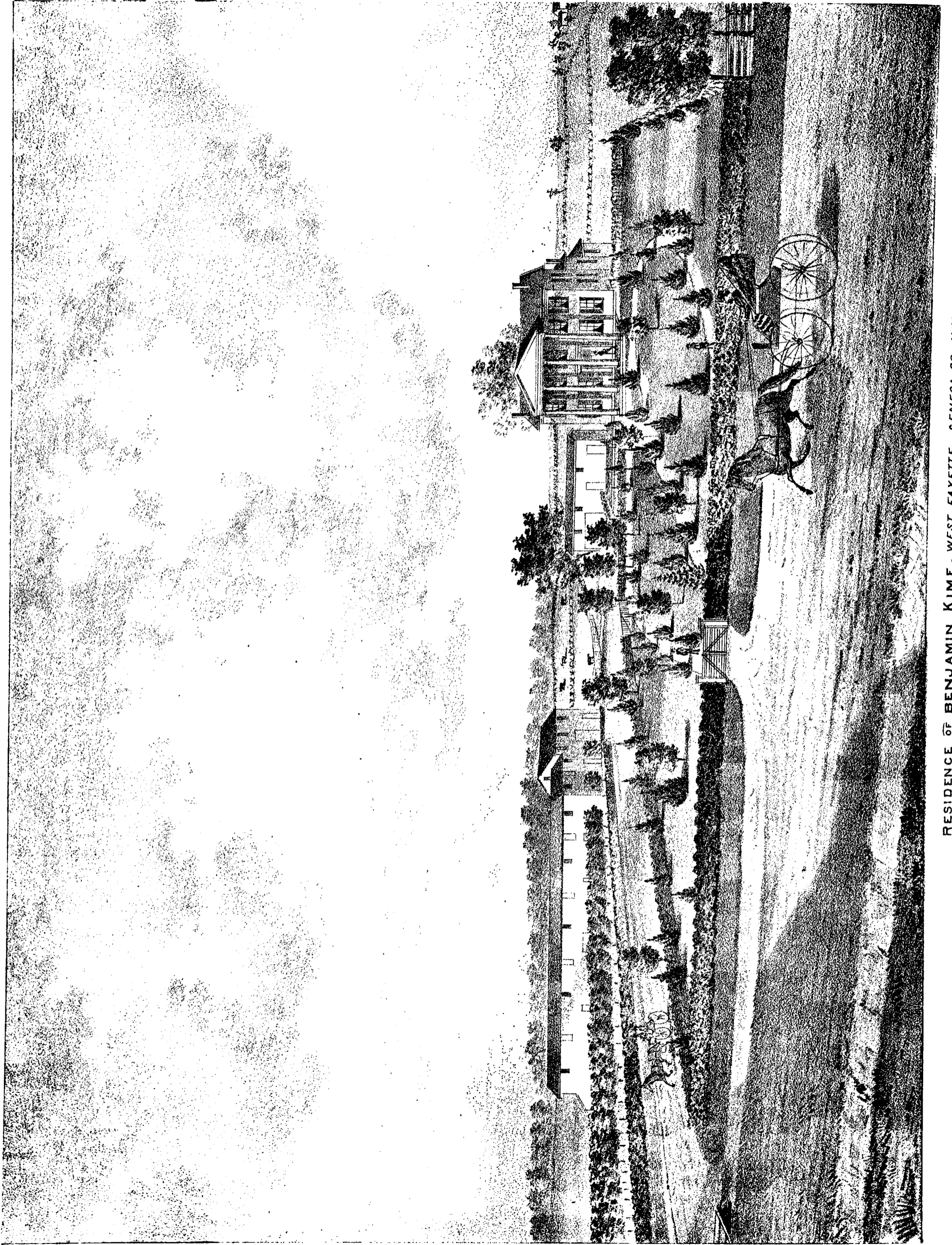
MRS. HIRAM LAY.



HIRAM LAY.



RES. OF HIRAM LAY, TYRE TP., SENECA CO., N. Y.



RESIDENCE OF BENJAMIN KIME, WEST FAYETTE, SENECA CO., N. Y.

FAYETTE.

THIS town was formed from Romulus, and organized as "Washington," at which time it comprised a portion of Cayuga County. The town of Junius was set off in 1803. It is the largest town in the County, lies on the south bank of the Seneca River, and extends from Seneca to Cayuga Lake. The surface is rolling, and forms some of the finest farming lands in the County.

The territory embraced within the boundaries of this County, and more particularly the town of Fayette, formed a part of the celebrated "hunting-grounds" of the Iroquois Indians. Here the circling smoke arose from many an Indian village, and the wilderness was dotted with wigwams. The hunter bounded through the forest after the deer and moose; beavers, otters, and martens were in abundance; the salmon smoked at every camp-fire; the waters of the lakes were parted by the birchen canoe, and the dripping oar of the Seneca glistened in the sunlight. Here was the Indian in all his glory. This was the Indian Eden, and, as far as his unsophisticated vision extended, destined to remain. The unfortunate allegiance of the Six Nations to the British crown soon brought this sweet dream to a close. The butcheries of Cherry Valley and Wyoming called down upon the heads of the red brothers the wrath of Washington, and the result was that terrible blow of Sullivan, when he swept the Indian country, as it were, with a besom of destruction. This town is identified with that invasion. When the stern Indian-hunter returned from the Genesee flats, retracing his line of march strewn everywhere with desolation and ruin, he encamped on "Oakland Farm," and from this point dispatched Colonel Zebulon Butler, with five hundred riflemen, to visit the east shore of Cayuga Lake and inflict the same punishment upon the Cayugas that he had so severely dealt to the Senecas.

It is claimed by some, and we think justly, that Red Jacket, the celebrated Seneca orator and chieftain, was born in this town. Seven cities contend for the birthplace of the poet Homer, and nearly as many places have laid claim to the nativity of Red Jacket. The writer feels justified in placing upon the imperishable pages that he first saw the light of day near Cayuga Lake, on the banks of Canoga Creek, in about the year 1759. He died near Buffalo, New York, January 20, 1830. His Indian name was *Sagoyewatha* or *Saguwatha*, signifying "the keeper awake." His English name—Red Jacket—was due to a richly-embroidered scarlet jacket given him by the British during the Revolution. He was exalted above his tribe as an orator, and boasted that he was "born an orator." He strenuously resisted the advances of civilization, but gradually gave way to the onward march of the pale-face, and ended his eventful career as a confirmed drunkard. He was not a warrior in the true sense of that term, and was not possessed of those savage elements—to his honor be it said—that characterized Brandt. He was mightiest at the council-fire, and wielded the greatest influence at the treaty.

THE MORMON PROPHET—FIRST BAPTISM.

Joseph Smith, the Mormon prophet, was at one time a resident of this town. Hon. D. S. Kendig, who furnished the writer this information, remembers him very well. He worked as a day-laborer for old Colonel Jacob Chamberlain, and occasionally for others, when not engaged with his mineral rods digging for gold in various places. He was invariably disappointed, though oftentimes striking with his crowbar an iron chest, supposed to contain the desired gold, when by some mysterious agency it would vanish to some other place. On one occasion he happened to strike the "Golden Bible," as he averred, near Palmyra, Wayne County. This Bible he brought to the house of an honest old Dutch farmer, named Whitmer, living in Fayette, about three miles south of Waterloo, and there translated it, and, by the aid of one Cowdry, wrote the Mormon Bible, or a portion of it, which was afterwards printed. This was about the year 1829 or 1830. In 1831 he left Fayette, with numerous converts, among whom were the whole Whitmer family and William Jolly. With them also went a family from Junius, named Bennett, and many others. They first stopped at Kirtland, Ohio, and subsequently located at Nauvoo, Illinois. The manner of translating the "Golden Bible" was a novel one. "Joe" Smith would look into a hat and read, and Cowdry would write down as the mysterious characters on the plates

were revealed to his understanding. The first baptism in the Mormon faith was made in this town, by immersion in a small brook, called Thomas Creek.

THE FIRST SETTLEMENT.

The first settlement in Fayette was undoubtedly made by a pioneer named James Bennett, from Pennsylvania, who located on the shore of Cayuga Lake in the year 1789.

Captain Ward, an officer in the war of the Revolution, was an early settler on Lot 25, in the northeast corner part of the town. A man named Oves was an early settler on Lot 26, and was somewhat celebrated as a pioneer tailor; but, unlike those of to-day, who form suits from the various kinds of costly material, he had only one known to him, and that was deer-skin. Mr. John Williams, now residing a short distance south of the village of Canoga, relates that he well remembers going to this primitive knight of the shears, and having pants cut and made from the above-mentioned material. John Oliver was an early settler on Lot 27, and died thereon a number of years ago, at the advanced age of seventy-three. Michael Vreeland was a pioneer on the Canoga reservation. In an early day in the State of Pennsylvania, Mr. Vreeland and his father were captured by the Indians, and the savage spirit of the red man, not content with the simple custody of their prisoners and the torture they might inflict upon them, concluded to dispatch the elder Vreeland, whereupon he was massacred, cut in pieces, and roasted, and the son compelled to partake of the flesh of the father. David Blackney was also an early settler in the Canoga reservation. He met a melancholy fate by burning to death in an attempt to rescue his little child, who was asleep in his dwelling when it was burned in about the year 1815; both father and child were consumed in the flames. James Kilpatrick was an early settler on the site of the present village of Canoga. Mr. Conner and Patrick Fowler were early settlers on Lot 40, south of the village, on lands now owned by A. McDuffie and Alanson Hause. The first proprietor of Lot 41 was G. Johnston, and the first settler John Badgley, on premises now owned by George W. Randall and Daniel Disinger. Dr. Hartshorn and Charles Woodruff early located on Lot 46, Israel Howell and John Baker on Lot 52, and Enos Tooker, from Orange County, New York, on Lot 51, on premises now owned by his son J. H. Tooker. A Mr. Bull was also a pioneer on this lot. Mr. Hortan early settled on Lot 57, near the lake, at the point then called Hortouis, and since known as Hause's Point. Jacob Singer was an early settler on Lot 56; Peter Ditmars on Lot 50; Peter Dear, Jr., James Huff, and Arthur Williamson, familiarly known as Uncle "Ort," on Lot 45; Mr. Emerick on Lot 39, and Cook and Noricon on Lot 34. On this lot is the celebrated Canoga Spring. This spring is about ten feet in diameter, and the water rises to the surface with great rapidity, and is clear, tasteless, and inodorous. The bubbles of gas which rise are pure nitrogen. The water from this spring, which forms Canoga Creek, furnishes a supply for turning several mills, and passes into Cayuga Lake. "The amount of gas given off by this spring is incredibly great, as the surface presents the appearance of ebullition, and on stirring the bottom with a stick the supply is so much increased that a large test-bottle may be filled in a few seconds. The temperature of the water in June was 45°, the air at the same time was 82°." Isaac Coyle and Jesse Boardman were early settlers on Lot 33, on premises now owned by Michael Hoster and Michael Hoster, Jr.

Archibald Mellon, from Connecticut, was the pioneer on Lot 38, where, in an early day, was a large rattlesnake den, the terror of the neighborhood for miles around. John Kuney early settled on Lot 44; the Krumps on Lot 49; Peter Dear on Lot 55; Peter Thayer on Lot 54; Adam Hosstetter on Lots 47 and 48; Geo. Stroub and Jacob Reigel on Lot 37; Ludowick Stofflett on Lot 32; Daniel and Henry Reigle on Lot 28; Wm. Lewis and Phineas Butler on Lot 23; Mrs. Packer and a Mr. Martin, Urias Van Clief and Squire Jacob Knox on Lot 22, on premises now owned by L. Frantz and M. L. Allen; Hugh McAllister and a man named Conner on Lot 27; Christian Hoster and Thomas Disbrow on Lot 31. Mr. Hoster came from Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, in 1803, and settled on this lot, where he died, in 1810, at the age of sixty-four years. The

premises are now owned and occupied by Henry Hoster, Esq., who has one of the finest farms and country seats in the County. Geo. Pontius early located on Lot 36; Samuel Pontius on Lot 42; John Disinger and Arnold Plate on Lot 47; Henry Singer on Lot 53; Mr. Rorison on Lot 15. His son, James Rorison, was Sheriff of the County, and officiated at the execution of Chapman at Waterloo in an early day, who was convicted of murdering a colored man. One son, Alexander Rorison, now resides on this lot. Philip Edington and Benajah Boardman were pioneers on Lot 29. Vincent Runyan came from New Jersey and located at the "Burg" in about the year 1794. He has two grandsons, B. and V. Runyan, residing in the County.

Henry Mathews came from the State of New Jersey, and located at the "Burg" in 1804; two sons, Geo. B. and Vincent R., now reside in the County, the former in the village of Canoga, and the latter at Seneca Falls. A Mr. Cook was a pioneer on Lot 39, and an early inn-keeper. George Kidd, William Bothwell, Daniel Saeger, and Conrad Manger were early settlers on Lot 38.

Lemuel Sweet was an early settler on Lot 33. He met his death by being murdered by his wife in a fit of insanity. A few years after, and the last act in this sad tragedy was enacted when Mrs. Sweet committed suicide by hanging. George Shilley was an early settler on Lot 33, on premises now owned by his son George. Robert McClung was an early settler, and officiated many years as a Justice of the Peace. John Markle was a pioneer on Lot 36, and a son, General Jacob Markle, served Seneca County in the Legislature in about the year 1848. Other early settlers on this lot were Henry Wile, Benjamin Kuney, Philip Pratz, Frederick Kuney and Jacob Allerman. Dr. A. J. Allerman, a son of Jacob, is a practicing physician in the town of Varick, and another son, Joseph D., resides in Waterloo. The Rumseys were also early settlers; two descendants, Moses and John, are extensive manufacturers in the village of Seneca Falls. David Kuney was a pioneer on Lot 20, and the proprietor of an ashery and distillery. Volunteer Hoover and John Jolly, who lived to the advanced age of one hundred and three years, and Henry McCartney, a soldier of the war of 1812, were pioneers on Lot 13.

Frederick Schott came from Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, and located on Lot 13 in the year 1802; a son, Daniel Schott, served in the war of 1812. Two sons, Vincent and Edward, reside in the County; the former occupies the old homestead, and the latter resides in the village of Waterloo. Other early settlers on this lot were James Gorham and a Mr. Rathbun. Pioneers on Lot 3 were Jabez Gorham, Abram Van Riper, and Martin Kendig. A son of Martin Kendig, Hon. D. S. Kendig, now resides in the village of Waterloo.* Benjamin Hendricks was a pioneer on this lot, and represented the town in the Board of Supervisors and the County in the Legislature. Other early settlers were B. Todd, Tinbrook Chamberlain, and Martin Miller. Sally McClung early located on Lot 5, on lands now owned by Peter Marshall; and Geo. Thomas on Lot 14, where W. H. Allen now resides. John Marshall was a pioneer on Lot 21, and premises now owned by a grandson, George K. Marshall; Daniel Schott was also an early settler on this lot. Geo. Yost was an early settler on Lot 22, on premises now owned by C. Yost. Frelick Hassinger and Joseph Backman were early settlers, and the latter was a Justice of the Peace. Abram Backman, a son, is now a magistrate in the village of Waterloo. Martin Hogan, from Ireland, and latterly from Baltimore, located in the town in 1794; a grandson, Hon. William Hogan, represented the County in the Legislature in 1875. Jacob and Conrad Leek were pioneers. Jacob Hendricks emigrated from Pennsylvania and settled on Lot 27 in 1795, and has two sons, Charles and Peter Y., residing in the County. James Carrer also settled on this lot. Pioneers on Lot 34 were Peter Short, Christian Shaffer, Nathan Cook, Jacob Beeche, and Colonel James Sweet; Lot 40, George Freidley, Samuel Easter, Abram Young, Peter Voorhees, Jacob Flickinger; Lot 42, Stephen Frantz; Lot 22, Sylvester Stringham; Lot 38, Samuel Gamby and Benjamin Moses; Lot 32, Conrad Mingus, Hiram Rogers, and Frederick Rathfan; Lot 25, a Mr. Heck, who has one son residing here, and one on Bluff Point, Yates County. Other pioneers were Rynear Kipp, Michael Vreeland, John Ernsberger, Mr. Staninger, G. A. Van Riper, and W. A. Marshall. James Van Riper was an early settler on Lot 12, where now is located the fine farm and residence of M. B. Ritter. U. D. Belles was also a pioneer on this lot, on lands now occupied by a son of the same name. Isaac Belles, a son of U. D. Belles, resides in the town, and has officiated as supervisor. Other settlers were Messrs. Dubois, Wyckoff, Herbert, and Knight. A Mr. House early settled on Lot 2; Jacob Kendig, Mr. Walters, and Philip Peters on Lot 1; Martin Withington, Mr. Hall, and John Kime. Mr. Kime has two sons, Jacob and Benjamin, living in the town, and one, William, at Lockport. Other early settlers were John Eshernon, John McClung, Dr. Lewis Oakley, Jeremiah Opdyke, John Emerick, and the Gillilands.

* See biographical sketch at close of Waterloo Township history.

Tunis Henion came from Bergen County, New Jersey, in 1796, and settled in the south part of the town, on Lot 38. He died at the age of eighty-seven, and his wife at eighty-four, leaving a family of nine children, six of whom are now living: Garrett, in Varick; Tunis, in Waterloo; Henry, a Justice of the Peace in Seneca Falls; Peter, in Fayette; Ann, in Wyoming; and Sophronia C., in Michigan. Jesse Palmer also settled on this lot, on premises now owned by Peter W. Dey. Gilbert Dey came from New Jersey, in an early day, and settled where he now resides.

BEARYTOWN NAMED.

Bearytown is a small village situated on the south border of the town, and was named in honor of Henry Beary, an early settler. Charles H. Hoskins, now engaged in the mercantile business at Seneca Falls, and the oldest merchant in the County, was an early merchant in Bearytown.

CANOGA.

Canoga, "Sweet Water," is a pleasant village, situated in the eastern part of the town, near Cayuga Lake, and contains about two hundred inhabitants, two stores, two churches, a hotel, and post-office. Samuel Williams erected the first frame building in Canoga, used as a store and dwelling, and now occupied by George B. Mathews. The first hotel was erected by Dr. Davis, and is now occupied by George Pierson as a dwelling. Samuel and John Williams were the pioneer merchants at Canoga. Undoubtedly the first school-house in the town was situated on the farm now owned by Henry Hoster, and pioneer pedagogues were Moner, Baker, and Crosby.

Early magistrates were, Israel Catlin, Hugh McAllister, Martin Kendig, Benj. Hendricks, and Benajah Boardman; the latter was the first appointed in the town, in 1798. Among the first cases of mortality were those of Charles Conner and James Clark, both of whom were interred at the "Burg" cemetery.

Robert S. Rose was an early settler and extensive land-owner in the west part of the town, and served the County in the Legislature. The fine villas of William W. Stacy, Esq., and R. J. Swan, are located on a portion of the celebrated "Rose Hill" lands.

Mr. Halsey, father of Vincent M., Thomas, and Edwin, was an early settler, on Lot 24, on premises now owned by Vincent M. Halsey. On this lot, near the residence of Mr. Halsey, is located the neat Episcopal chapel called "Grace Church, Willowdale."

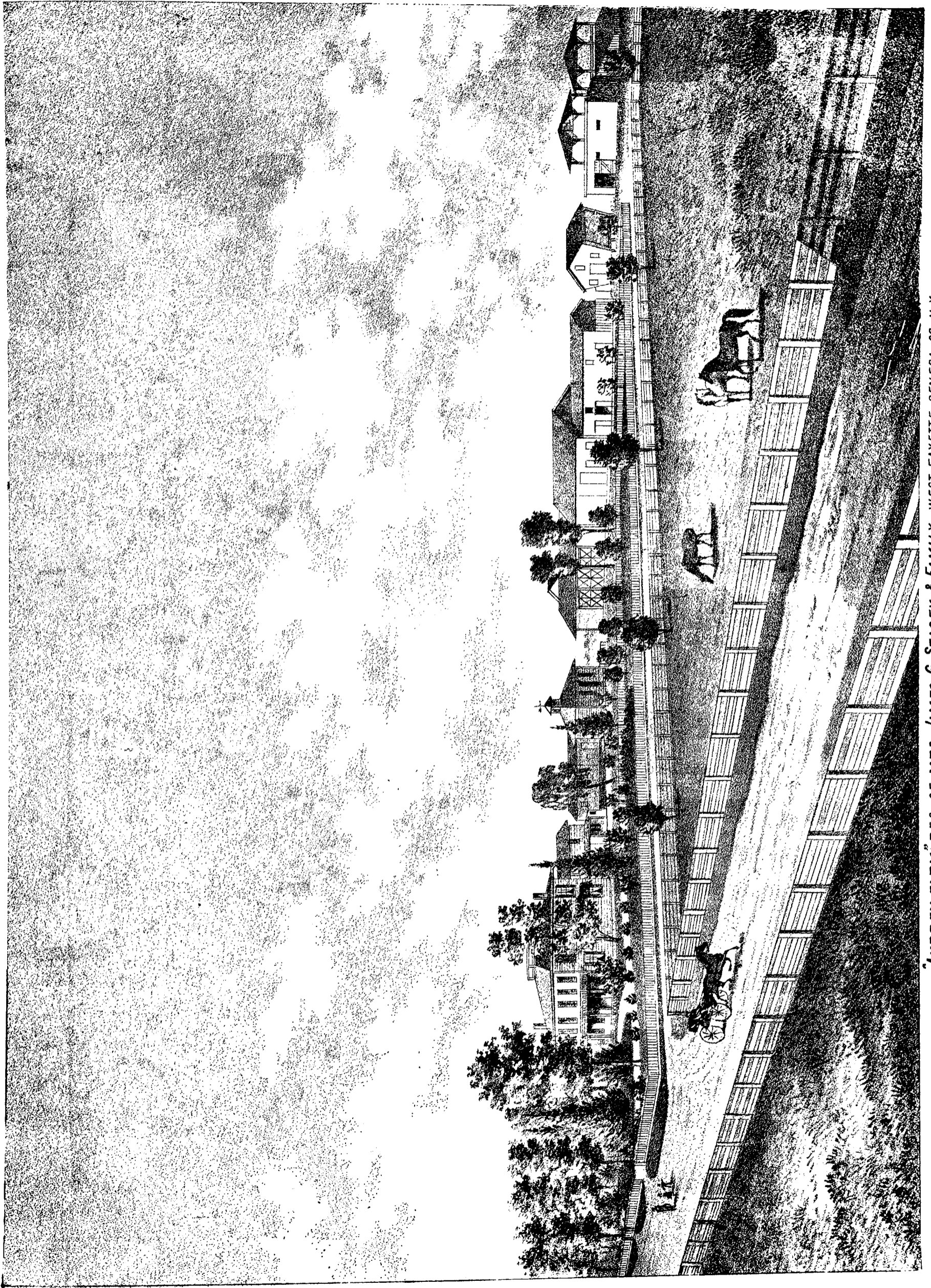
Other early settlers in Fayette were Bryant, Hood, Boots, Bar, McGee, Gilmore, Jennings, Conklin, Harrison, Dennison, Deal, Lemon, Houts, Spoon, Crull, Curl, Carnes, Huff, Amsbury, Bannister, Alexander, Petty, Hunter, Hull, Burtless, Frazer, Craven, Hittle, Hill, Oeff, King, Trotter, Aber, Lamb, Silence, Plants, Bergstresser, Abbott, Morgan, and Carvin.

PIONEER MILLS.

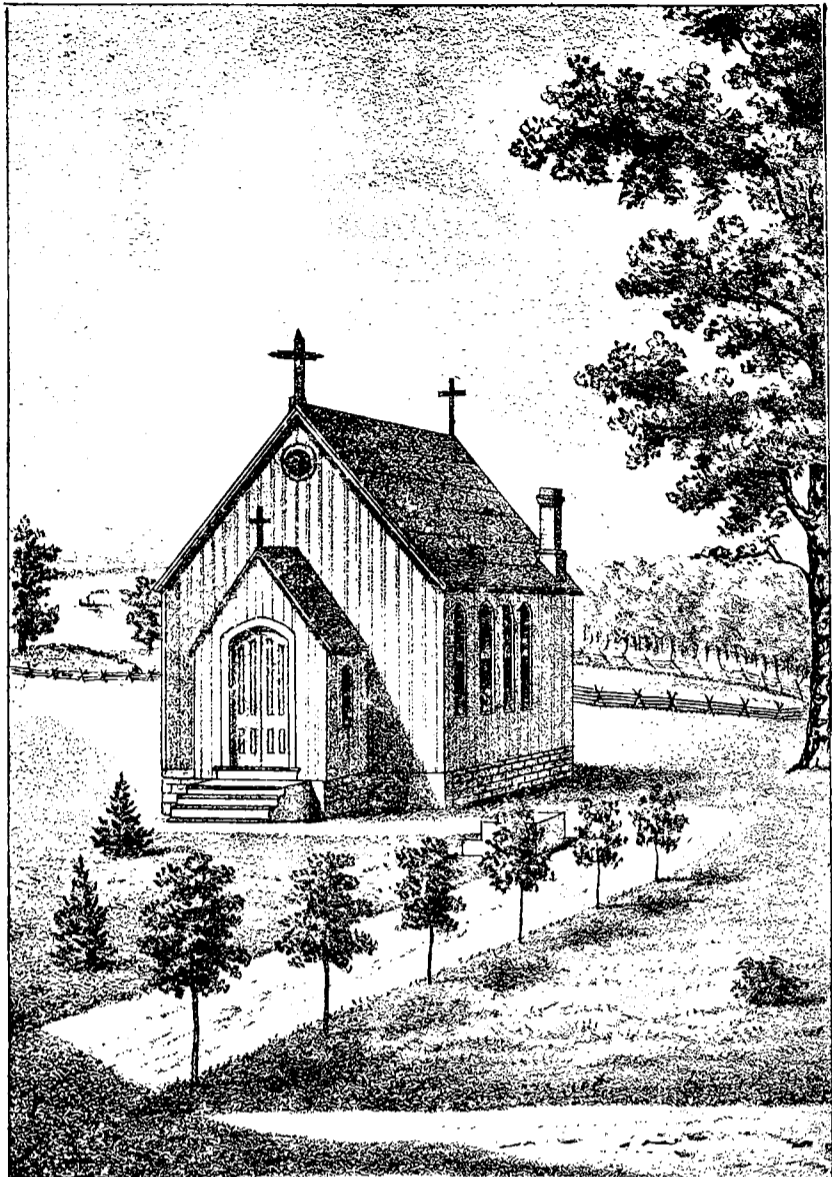
One of the greatest inconveniences met by the early settlers was the want of mills for grinding grain. The first mill in New York, west of Seneca Lake, was built in Yates County by Jemima Wilkinson, the "Universal Friend," and from this County as well as many others, the inhabitants journeyed to this primitive establishment. Samuel Bear erected a mill at the Scauyes, or South Waterloo, in an early day, and the brothers Yost were the millwrights who superintended the construction of the building. "They applied themselves diligently upon the framework, that it might be covered early in the season. The posts and girths, the sills, and plates, in short, every piece, was accurately worked, and was ready to be framed, when it was discovered that all the force of neighborhood was inadequate to raise the first bent. Mr. Yost was in the constant habit of attending church at Geneva, and while in that place mentioned his dilemma to the officiating minister, who advised Mr. Yost to have boats prepared and in readiness at Geneva on the following Sunday. The day arrived, and, after the services were ended, the minister explained the case to his hearers, when a suggestion was made that every willing hand should *at once* be lent to a work of such necessity to the welfare of all. The proposition was adopted by acclamation, the boats were manned, and before darkness had shut out the day the last bent was raised, and the whole frame pinned together. Order, quietness, and propriety prevailed, and the citizens of Ontario returned to their homes conscious of doing good to their fellow-men, unconscious of error, and trusting that the motive and intention would be viewed with lenity, if not with entire approbation."

DOCUMENTARY AND CIVIL HISTORY.

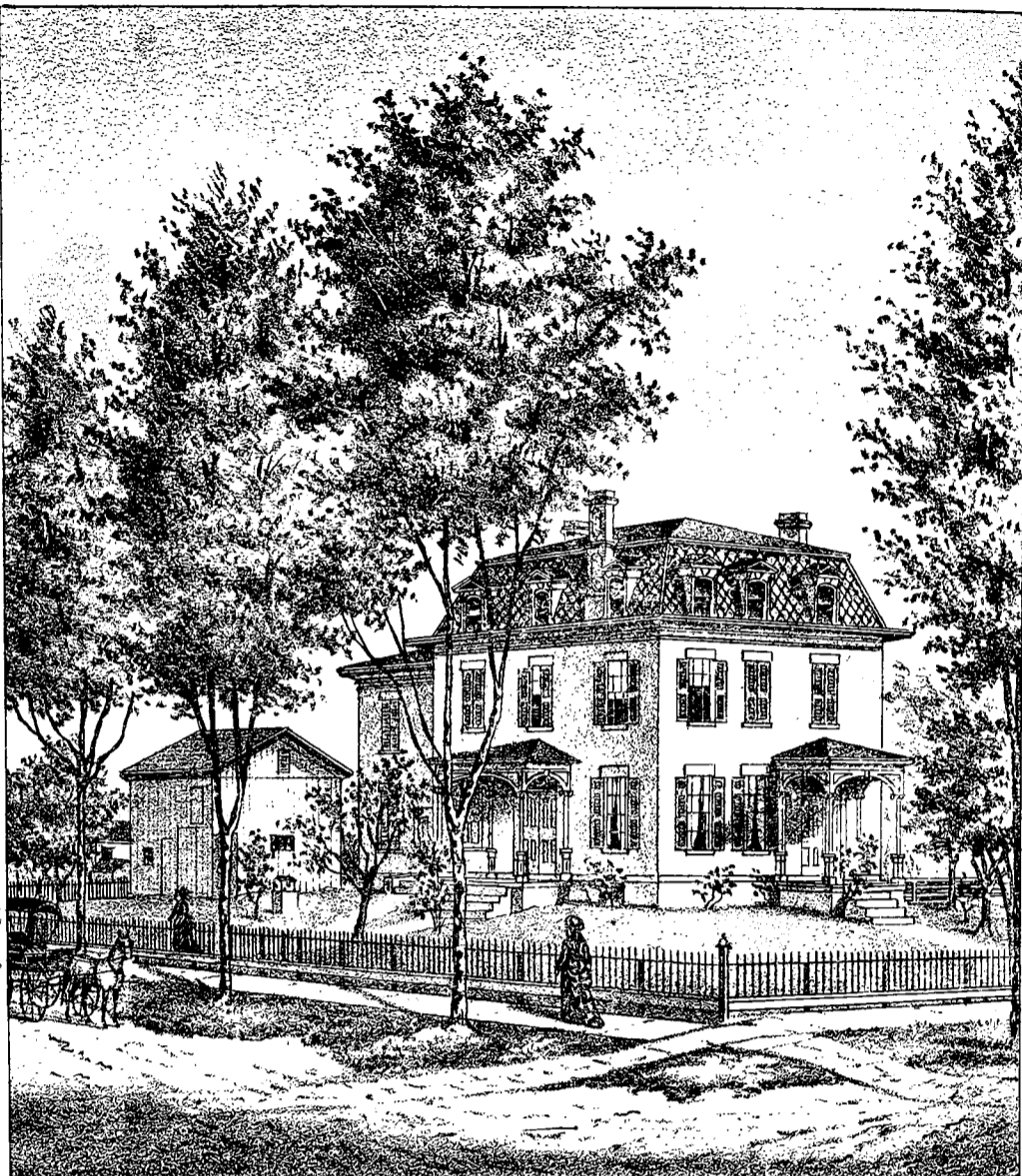
The old town-book of the town of Washington contains the following: "The proceedings of the town of Washington, 2d March, 1802: The following persons were nominated, viz.: Ws. Mynders, Supervisor; Martin Kendig, Town Clerk; Asa Moore, Alexander Rorison, James Bennett, Assessors; David Southwick,



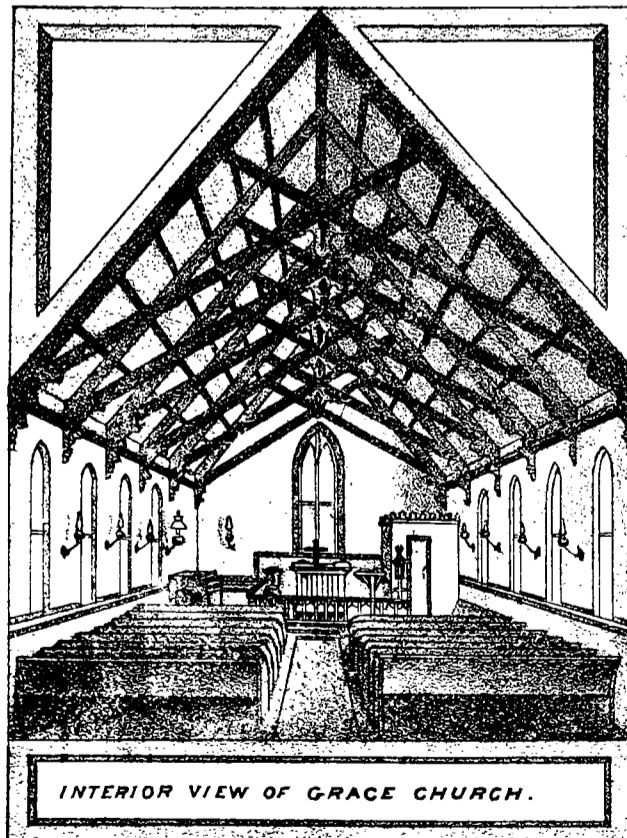
AUBREY FARM, RES. OF MRS. JAMES G. STACEY & FAMILY, WEST FAYETTE, SENECA CO., N. Y.



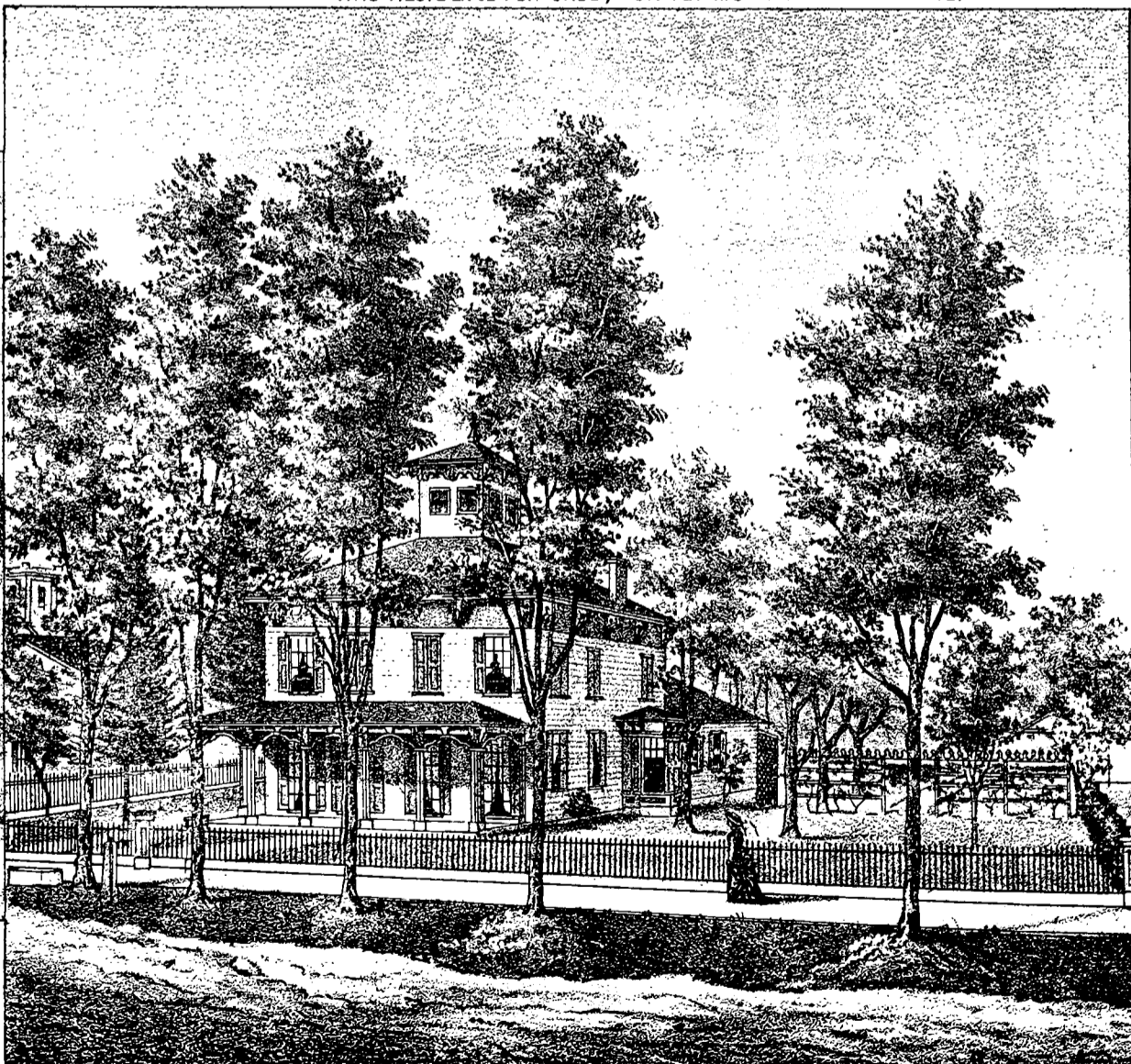
GRACE CHURCH, WILLOW DALE,
WEST FAYETTE, SENECA CO., N. Y.
EXTERIOR VIEW.



RESIDENCE OF MRS. JUDGE J. K. RICHARDSON,
COR. OF VIRGINIA & NORTH STS., WATERLOO, N. Y.
THIS RESIDENCE FOR SALE, FOR TERMS APPLY AT RESIDENCE.



INTERIOR VIEW OF GRACE CHURCH.



RESIDENCE OF MRS. ELIZABETH CHANDLER,
ELIZABETH ST., WATERLOO, N. Y.

Benajah Boardman, Thomas Saunders, Commissioners of Highways; Herman Swift, James Sweet, Overseers of the Poor; Severus Swift, John Phelps, Constables; Severus Swift, Collector; Jabez Gorham, Pound Master; James McClung, Jesse Southwick, Alexander Rorison, Commissioners of Gospel and School Lots; David Southwick, Josiah Crane, James McClung, Ws. Mynders, Amasa Sherman, Committee to apply to the Legislature for dividing the Town; Peter Reynolds, James Miller, Daniel Dorrence, Samuel Bear, Jacob Chamberlain, James Sweet, Thomas Disbrow, Wm. Huff, Jabez Disbrow, Ws. Mynders, A-a Bacon, Jonah Hopkins, Hugh W. Dobbin, Wm. Dumond, Thomas Swift, Path Masters; Philip Eddington, Alexander Rorison, Jabez Disbrow, Nathaniel J. Potter, Fence Viewers."

Benajah Boardman served the town as Supervisor in 1803, and Israel Catlin continuously from 1804 to 1814.

The name of the town was changed to Fayette in 1808, and the first town-meeting held on the 4th of April, 1809, when the following officers were chosen: Israel Catlin, Supervisor; Vinson Runyan, Town Clerk; Samuel Conklin, James Sweet, Alexander Rorison; Assessors; Charles Woodruff, Philip Jolly, Overseers of the Poor; James McClung, Tinbroke Chamberlain, Philip Edington, Commissioners of Highways; Benjamin Hendricks, Wm. Bull, Constables and Collectors; Nathan Cook, James Woodruff, Fence Viewers; Jacob Hendricks, Pound Master; Peter Dey, James Woodruff, Trustees of the Gospel Lot in Romulus.

The following are documents of 1814: "A return of the children in Eighth District in the town of Fayette, between the age of five years and fifteen, taken by Peter Dey, one of the trustees of said district, there being thirty-two, this twenty-seventh day of April, 1814."

"A return of children in the Sixteenth District in the Town of Fayette, between the age of five and fifteen years, taken by James Edington, the clerk of said district, there being seventy-five, this ninth day of July, 1814."

The old town-book contains several entries similar to the following:

"I do hereby certify that Phillis and Judy, twin daughters of John and Nan, was born the tenth of May, in the year 1809.

" ROBERT S. ROSE, of Fayette.

" January 25, 1810."

From the following it seems that Mr. Rose and Mr. Hunt commenced the emancipation of slaves in an early day:

"I do hereby certify that Buckite, the son of Aggy, was born on the first day of August, 1814, and that he is to be free at twenty-seven years of age.

" ROBERT S. ROSE.

" April 27, 1815."

"FAYETTE, March 28, 1820.

"Know all men by these presents, that I, Joseph Hunt, of said town, County of Seneca, being lawfully possessed of the negro slaves, George, and Mary his wife, being under the age of forty-five, and the three children, viz., Amarilis, being six years old, James, four years old, and Mary, two years old, do hereby manumit and discharge the same from all service for me, and my heirs and executors forever.

JOSEPH HUNT."

The following are names of persons over eighty years of age, residing in the town, as shown by the census enumerations of 1875: Hannah Peters, 80; Catharine Simpkins, 82; Frank Rahn, 80; Julia A. Fusselman, 80; Sarah Watts, 85; John Johnston, 85; Barbara Saeger, 83; Mary Dey, 84; Patrick McKean, 81; Geo. Garnet, 81; David Schwab, 80; John Williams, 80; Mary Miller, 83; Martin Pontius, 81; Jane Dobie, 80; Sarah Coombs, 86; Betsey Rumsey, 83; Mary Manger, 86; Gilbert Dey, 84; George Long, 82; Zachariah Baker, 80; Henry Moses, 91; Peter Stahl, 86.

THE CHURCHES.

CANOGA METHODIST CHURCH.

This society was formed in 1815. Among the first members were William Blassey and wife, Mrs. Bull, Daniel Tooker and wife, George Martin and wife, and James Burtless. The first minister that officiated in this society was John Odell, a local preacher. The first church edifice was erected in 1835, at a cost of twelve hundred dollars, and together with subsequent repairs is now probably worth twenty-five hundred dollars. The present officers are: John Fay, Benjamin Zimmers, John Zimmers, John Deal, James Burtless, Isaiah Buckman, and M. Ritter. This church has a present membership of fifty-five, and is under the pastoral charge of Rev. P. T. Hughston. What is now known as "Canoga Charge" was formerly denominated as Seneca Circuit, being connected at different times with Waterloo, Ovid, and Sheldrake; sometimes with two, and often with only one preacher. It first appears as Canoga Charge in the minutes of 1847, East Genesee Conference, Seneca Lake District. The following are the names of

those who have officiated as ministers since that time: John Shaw, R. Harrington, I. K. Tinkham, Jonathan Benson, T. I. O. Woodin, John H. Day, H. T. Giles, A. E. Chubbuck, Josiah Arnold, C. E. Hermans, D. S. Chase, E. O. Hall, N. A. Depew, P. McKinstry, Charles McMain, J. R. Pendell, John H. Day, and the present incumbent, Rev. P. T. Hughston.

PRESBYTERIAN.

This church was organized and taken under the care of the Presbytery of Geneva in about the year 1824. It was reported for the first time in 1825, and the first report of members was made in 1826, when it numbered sixty-one. In 1828 it had eighty, and in 1846 the number had diminished to fifty-two.

The first pastor of this church was Rev. Isaac Flagler. The following is a partial list of pastors of this church, it having been impossible to obtain a complete record: Revs. Adams W. Platt, Oren Catlin, and Alanson Scofield. The church has been aided by the "American Home Missionary Society."

In the Presbytery reports, this church is sometimes denominated Fayette, again First Church of Fayette, and sometimes West Fayette, the latter being its local name.

CANOGA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

This church was organized as the Second Presbyterian Church of Fayette, June 28, 1825. The following persons presented letters from other churches: Tobias Perrine and his wife Sarah Perrine, from the Reformed Church of North Branch, New Jersey; Hannah Boardman, from the Presbyterian Church of Orange County, New York; Anna L. Tooker, from the Presbyterian Church of Marlborough, Orange County, New York; Elizabeth Burroughs, from the Presbyterian Church of Hopewell, Ontario County, New York; Lucinda Bannister, from the Presbyterian Church of Romulus; Phebe Clark, from Royalton, Niagara County, New York; John Williams, from the Presbyterian Church of Romulus; James Huff and his wife Jerusha Huff, and Lucy Arnold, from the Presbyterian Church of Seneca Falls.

This church was taken under the care of the Presbytery of Geneva. In 1828 it reported thirty-five members; in 1832, forty-eight; in 1840, ninety-five; and in 1846 one hundred and one. The church edifice was erected in about the year 1834, at a cost of two thousand dollars. Rev. Richard Williams acted as stated supply one of two years during the period of 1831 and 1832. With this exception, the church was reported vacant till after 1837. Charles N. Mattoon was reported as pastor in 1840, and was dismissed May 6, 1841. In the following year, Chauncey C. Cherry, a licentiate preacher, commenced laboring here, and July 12, 1842, was ordained and installed as pastor. The following-named persons have also officiated for this church as supplies or pastors: Slater, Berton, Brodfork, Willombie, Jones, Stratton, and Dunning. The church is now in a prosperous condition, and under the pastoral charge of Rev. J. F. McLaurey.

CHRIST CHURCH, BEARYTOWN.

At the close of the eighteenth century many Germans left the State of Pennsylvania to seek new homes in Western New York. In their researches Seneca County was not overlooked. As their fathers had come from different States in Europe, so they came here from different States of the Union: Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Jersey, Delaware, etc. These Germans were the descendants from those fathers, who belonged to the Huguenots and to the Palatines, who had sought the deserts of the New World to have a place of security and freedom, and to be delivered from religious persecutions. The nineteenth century brought them here in large numbers, and, as they were a religious people, immediate steps were taken to secure the services of a minister. Rev. Lot Merkel, belonging to the Lutheran Church, was selected. He preached first in a small house, at a place known by the name of the "Burg," and also in the house of Henry Swiger. He preached to the Germans as early as December 26, 1809, and on that day called the congregation together at Hoster's school-house, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of choosing a site for the erection of a house of worship. John Gamber was president of this meeting, and the Rev. Lot Merkel secretary. It was resolved that an acre of ground be purchased of Henry Singer, and a log church twenty-eight by twenty-two feet erected thereon. The first minister that served this church was Rev. Anthony Houze. His call dates in the year 1803. He continued his ministry in Seneca County until 1813. A new church edifice was erected in 1823, and dedicated June 6, 1825.

April 22, 1821, the Rev. Diedrich Willers received a call from Christ Church, which he accepted, and on the 22d of April, 1876, he celebrated his fifty-fifth anniversary, and is still preaching in Christ Church. He once preached for eight German congregations,—Christ Church, Jerusalem, Seneca, Lyons, Dansville, Scipio, Lansing, and Salmon Creek, being situated in five counties,—Seneca, Wayne, Livingstone, Cayuga, and Tompkins. To preach the gospel to his congregations, he has traveled at least twice around the globe; has baptized over one

thousand children; confirmed five hundred; married six hundred couples; and has administered the sacrament of the Lord's Supper in Christ Church one hundred and ten times. April 22, 1871, he celebrated his jubilee, preaching twice, once in the German and once in the English language.

BURGH CHURCH.

The Burgh Church of the Evangelical Association of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, Williamsport District, Pennsylvania, Seneca Station, Seneca County, New York, was organized in the year 1816 by Rev. Jacob Kleinfelter, with the co-operation of that pious and noble man, Christian Wolf. After the zealous labors and untiring efforts of self-sacrificing men of God for eighteen years, the number that desired to hear the word of life increased; hence it was deemed expedient to erect a house of worship under the leadership of Rev. P. Wagner, P. E., and Rev. M. F. Maize. A building committee was selected and erected an edifice, which was dedicated to the Triune God A.D. 1835. The trustees then elected were John Hoster, Sr., Henry Manger, Samuel Pontius, and Jacob Riegel.

The word of life was preached in its simplicity and purity, and many souls were brought to the knowledge of the truth as it is in Jesus. Nearly all the old pioneers have passed from labor to reward, and few are left of the old stock, but, like those old pioneers, they are of the right stamp. The church building has suffered twice by lightning, and as time passed on decay made its appearance, and in 1874, under the leadership of Rev. R. J. Derrick, it was decided to thoroughly remodel the old building in order to meet the necessity of the times. A committee of ladies, consisting of Miss Dinnie Hoster, Miss Sarah Pontius, Mrs. H. Reigel, Mrs. William Sheridan, and Mrs. M. Sheridan, was chosen to raise funds, and it is but justice to remark that they labored faithfully, and their efforts were crowned with success. The following were elected a building committee: Henry Hoster, John Ritter, and Jacob Bachman; Rev. R. J. Derrick, Treasurer; and George Hoster, Secretary. Six feet was added to the height, and twelve feet to the length of the building, together with a belfry and spire. The church is furnished with a fine bell, donated by the celebrated bell manufacturers, John A. Rumsey & Co., of Seneca Falls. In the addition to the church was built a fine vestibule, with two rooms for class-meetings, with a gallery over them capable of seating one hundred persons. The seats in the audience-room are constructed of Indiana ash, ornamented with black walnut. The pulpit is of an octagon shape, built of various kinds of wood of superior quality. There are also two pedestals, one on either side of the pulpit, for supporting the lamps. In the rear of the pulpit is one of the finest specimens of art of modern times, frescoed by the noted artist, Mr. J. Bowman, of Germany. The design is four pillars of Grecian architecture supporting a large dome, and over the arch of the entrance to the dome are two olive-branches proceeding from the Bible, which is over the keystone of the arch, where the words *Biblia Sacra* are written. The following are names of a few of those who have generously contributed to the remodeling and beautifying of this edifice: Henry Hoster, John G. Hoster, Michael Hoster, Sr., William Reigle, Sr., Martin Allen, John J. Hoster, Joseph Kuney, William H. Wolf, John Ritter, John Ireland, Abraham Stahl, Rev. R. J. Derrick, etc.

GRACE CHURCH, WILLOWDALE, WEST FAYETTE.

Any mention of the foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church on the shores of Seneca Lake, in the towns of Varick and Fayette, would be incomplete without a tribute to the memory of Mr. David Reeder,—son of Dr. Henry Reeder, of Varick,—who, in the winter of 1859-60, commenced holding the services of the church in the school-house at Dey's Corners, in that town, and which, so far as is known, was the first effort made towards the establishment of the church in this particular locality of Seneca County. These services were continued by him whenever possible, until he entered the Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in New York City, where he died April 2, 1866, from a fever contracted while reading prayers to the sick prisoners at Blackwell's Island; only a few months before he would have been ordained a deacon in the church of his birth. In memory of his worth and devotion, one of the missions of the church in New York City is known as the "David Reeder Mission." The Christian beauty of his life to all who knew him may well be summed up in the phrase, "He was a good man."

The building of the church under consideration is mainly due, under God, to the efforts of a young lady of Fayette, who a few years previously assembled such of the young people of the neighborhood as she could reach, for religious instruction in the church catechism. From this grew an expression for the full services of the church, and on the first Sunday after Easter, April 20, 1873, the first service was held in a room of her father's house, to a few of the neighbors assembled. The congregation grew to such an extent that a church edifice was soon felt desirable and necessary, and subscriptions for that purpose were started with

such good effect that those having the matter in charge felt warranted in making a beginning; and September 26, 1874, the corner-stone was laid by the Bishop of Central New York, with appropriate ceremonies. The building progressed through the following winter as rapidly as circumstances would admit, and on the 1st of April, 1875, being free from all debt, was consecrated by the same bishop, assisted by the neighboring clergy of Geneva and Waterloo, by the name of Grace Church. On the Sunday following the first service was held in the newly-consecrated edifice, being the first Sunday after Easter, and, canonically, just the day on which, two years previously, the first service of the church had been held in the house referred to.

The church is of wood, twenty by thirty-six, built in the reduced Gothic style, open roof inside, roof-boards finished in oil, and rafters painted dark brown; and in all its appointments presents a very neat and ecclesiastical appearance. It will seat comfortably about one hundred and twenty-five persons. The total cost was about fourteen hundred dollars. The architect was Mr. Philotus Gaylord, of Geneva, who liberally contributed the plan, and also much advice, work, and material in aid of the enterprise. The land on which it is erected was the donation of Mr. Vincent M. Halsey. Liberal offerings were also received from members of Trinity Church, Geneva; St. Paul's, Waterloo; and Trinity, Seneca Falls.

It is not yet organized into a separate parish, the title to the property being held by the trustees of the Parochial Fund of Central New York, trustees for the management of its local affairs being appointed by the bishop, the first of whom were Vincent M. Halsey, Thomas Dock, and William W. Stacey. Regular services of the church are held every Sunday afternoon, followed by Sunday-school instruction. A mission from this church has also been commenced the past year, at Dey's Landing, in the town of Varick; services being held on Sunday mornings in the private school-house, on the farm of Mr. R. S. Wilcox, who cheerfully offered it for that purpose.

POPULATION.

The population of Fayette in 1835 was 3461; in 1840, 3731; in 1845, 3781; in 1850, 3786; in 1855, 3370; in 1860, 3742; in 1865, 3509; in 1870, 3364; in 1875, 3371.

MILITARY RECORD.

The following are the names of those who entered the service from Fayette during the rebellion, together with the date of enlistment and discharge:

George W. Hoffman, enlisted in Company D, Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862; date of discharge unknown.

John H. Stertz, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment.

James H. VanHouten, enlisted in Company M, Fifteenth Regiment, September 3, 1864.

William R. Rogers, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Artillery, January 1, 1864; discharged August 21, 1865.

James Hall, enlisted in Company C, Nineteenth Cavalry, April 19, 1861; and was discharged August 2, 1865.

Loren Thomas, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, July 21, 1862.

Abner W. Jamison, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 18, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

William Southard, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 18, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

Jedediah Allen, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 26, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

B. J. Horton, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 23, 1863, and was discharged January 4, 1864.

John McAllister, enlisted August 27, 1864.

Hugh Conner, enlisted September 29, 1864.

Perry N. Miles, enlisted September 2, 1864.

Joseph B. Toby, enlisted in Company H, Third Artillery; September 2, 1864; and was discharged June 24, 1865.

William Colé, enlisted September 2, 1864.

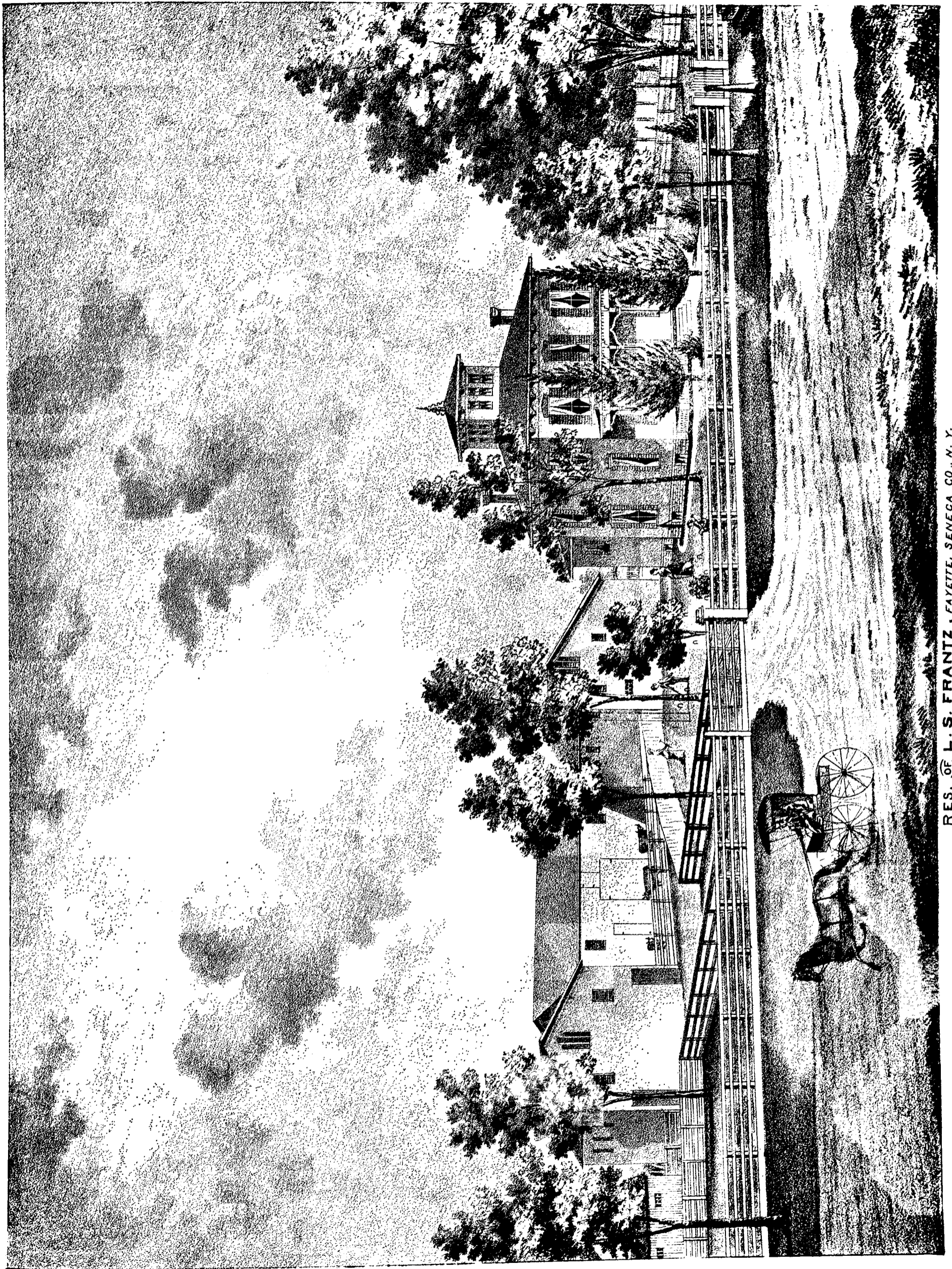
John H. Richardson, enlisted in Company D, Third Artillery, August 22, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.

Richard Huff, enlisted in Company H, Fifteenth Regiment Engineers, September 1, 1864, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

David Kitrick, enlisted in the One Hundred and Eleventh Regiment, September 2, 1864.

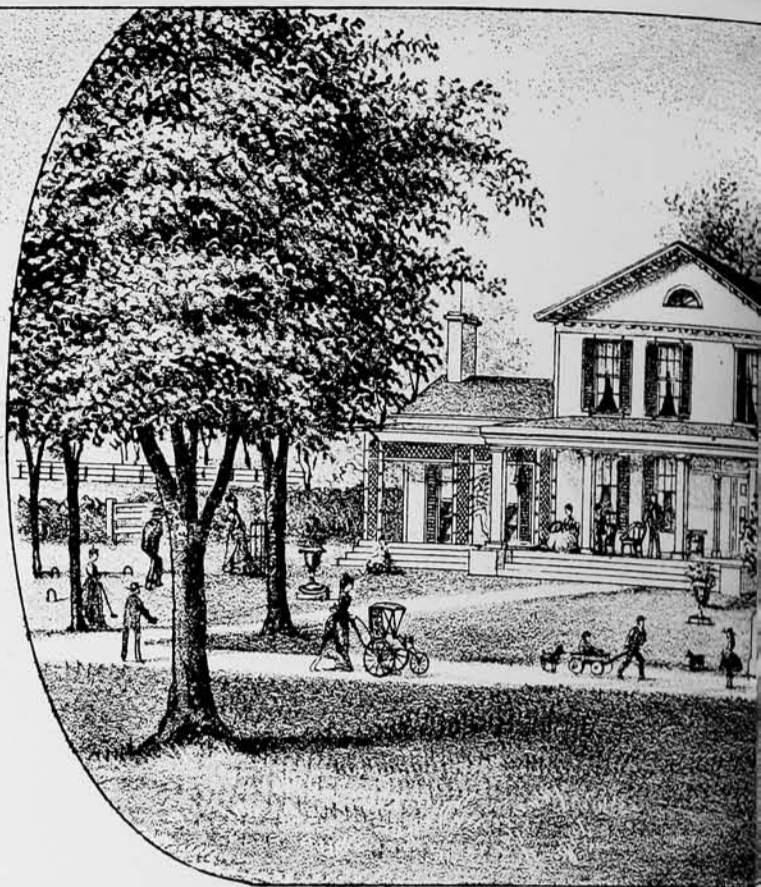
William Cuddeback, enlisted September 2, 1864.

John Hammill, enlisted September 2, 1864.

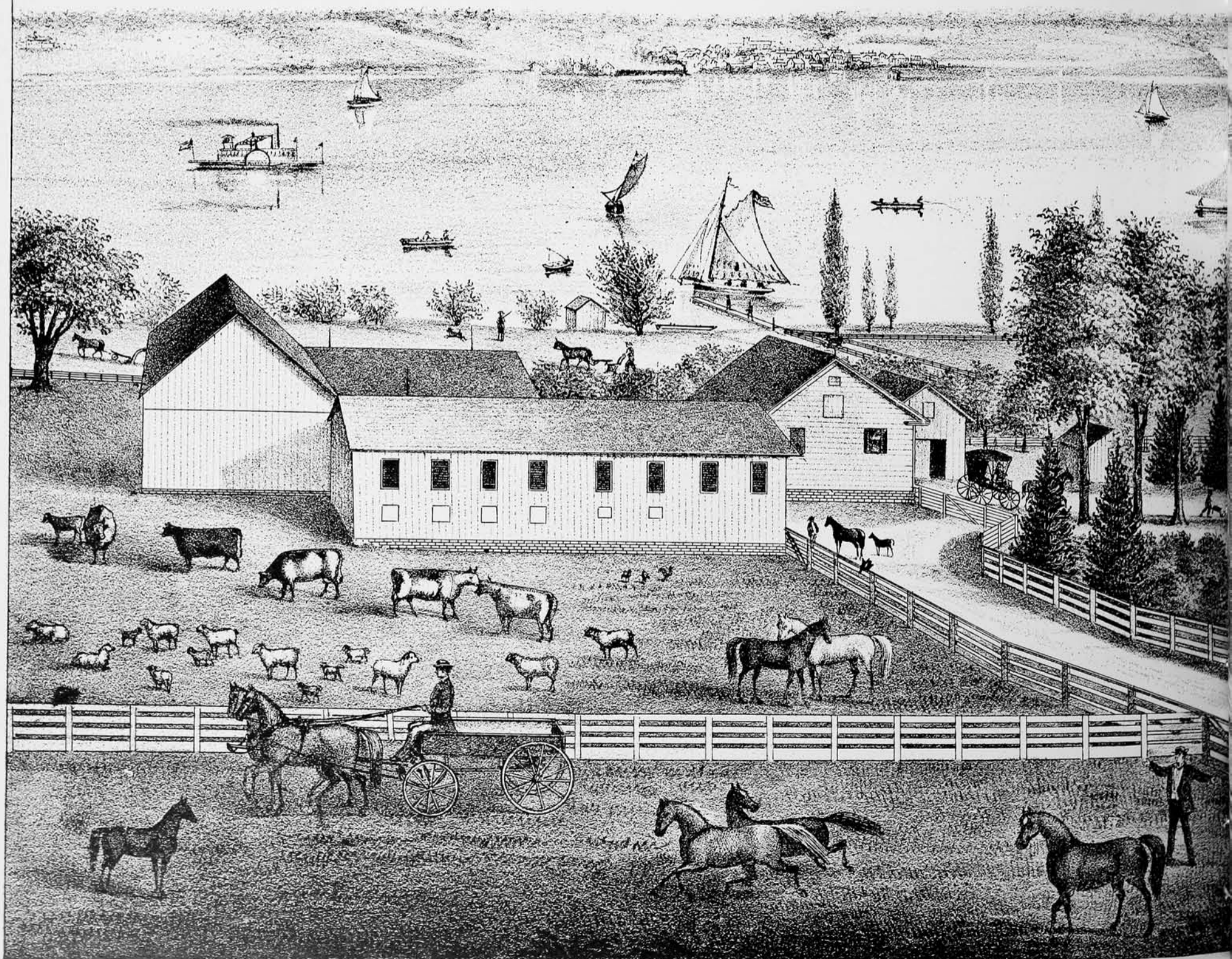




JACOB BURROUGHS.



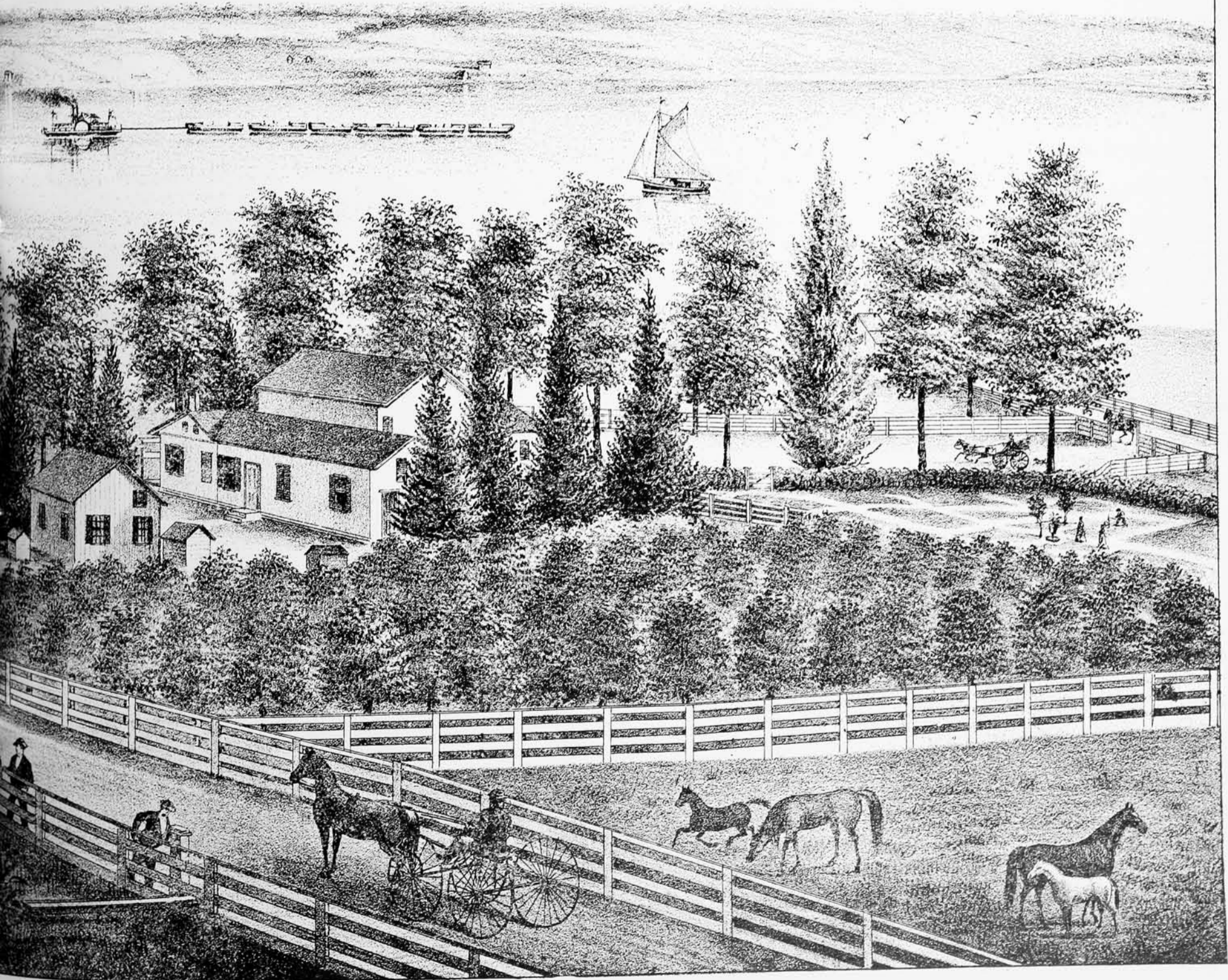
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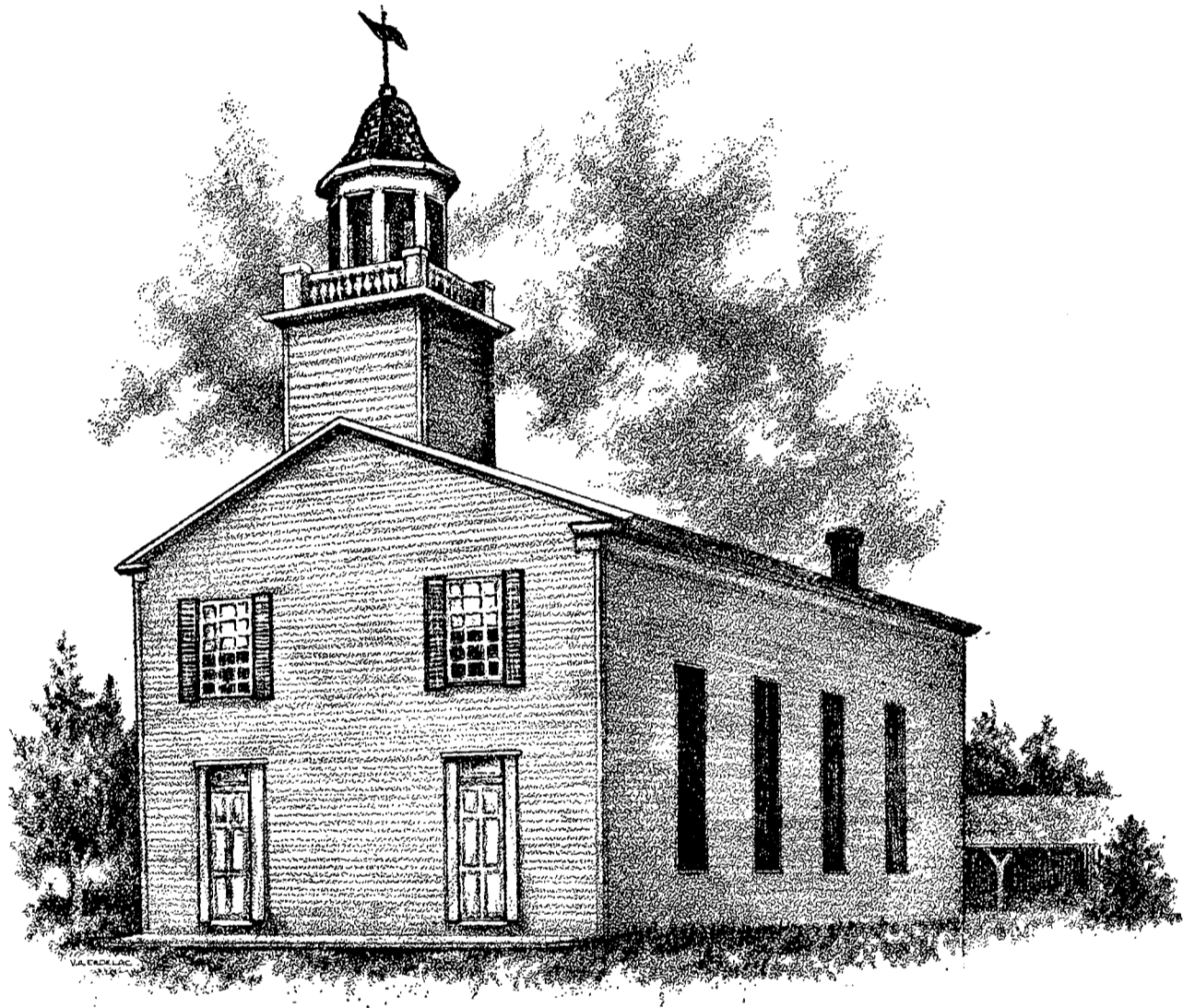


RES. AND FARM OF JACOB BURROUGHS.



MRS. JACOB BURROUGHS.





THE BAPTIST CHURCH, SCOTT'S CORNERS, OVID.

- Michael McHume, enlisted in the Third Artillery, September 2, 1864.
 Perry L. Bryant, enlisted in the Third Artillery, August, 1864.
 Hiram A. Bennett, enlisted September 2, 1864.
 George W. Crossman, enlisted March 18, 1864.
 Frederick German, enlisted March 19, 1864.
 John Staub, enlisted March 25, 1864.
 Charles Marshall, enlisted March 17, 1864.
 John Walters, enlisted in Company H, Third Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Casper Fank, enlisted September 2, 1864.
 Leroy Conant, enlisted in Company D, Third Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.
 Charles E. Bennett, enlisted in the Third Artillery, September 6, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 James Rigney, enlisted September 2, 1864.
 Irving T. McIntire, enlisted in Company K, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged September 2, 1865.
 Charles Wheeler, enlisted in the Fifteenth Engineers, September 6, 1864, and was discharged July 13, 1865.
 William Wachter, enlisted September 6, 1864, and was discharged July 1, 1865.
 James Finn, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Thomas Fitzgerald, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged May 24, 1865.
 Patrick McDonald, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was killed at Newbern, North Carolina, November 18, 1864.
 Michael Martin, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged with regiment.
 James Dempsey, enlisted August 18, 1864.
 Chester McWilson, enlisted August 11, 1864.
 George P. Swift, enlisted August 15, 1864.
 William Agin, enlisted August 18, 1864.
 Thomas Mead, enlisted August 12, 1864.
 Reuben Bachman, enlisted in Company A, Ninth Heavy Artillery, August 11, 1864, and was discharged July 20, 1865.
 Thomas N. Rice, enlisted in Company C, Fifteenth Engineers, September 6, 1864, and was discharged July 13, 1865.
 John Caughlin, enlisted in Company F, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 William C. Hamilton, enlisted in the Fifteenth Engineer Regiment, September 7, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Michael McKannace, enlisted September 2, 1864.
 James Byrone, enlisted in Company H, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged June 24, 1865.
 Andrew S. Hollenbeck, enlisted in Company C, Nineteenth Regiment, September 18, 1864, and was discharged in June, 1865.
 William A. Williams, enlisted September 9, 1864.
 Benjamin Wheeler.
 Leonard Driskill, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery.
 Morgan A. Wagner, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 25, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.
 James K. Lamb, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, in December, 1863, and died March 24, 1865.
 George H. Stringham, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, and died at Williamsburg, September 16, 1864.
 James Kelly.
 Henry Burtell.
 Frederick Bowman, enlisted in Company M, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 28, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.
 Isaac Cary.
 John C. Robinson, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 28, 1863, and was discharged August 1, 1865.
 Thomas Mangin, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 28, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.
 John Martin, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 16, 1863; died in the service.
 Richard Sackett, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 23, 1863, and died in Andersonville prison, August 27, 1864.
 David G. Marquart, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 25, 1863, and was discharged June 26, 1865.
 Warren E. Lazelere, enlisted in the Ninth Heavy Artillery, and was discharged October 10, 1865.
- Philander Powell, enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, December 23, 1863; was in battles of Cold Harbor, Petersburg, and Drury's Bluff. Discharged for physical disability.
 Charles H. Platten, enlisted in Company H, Fiftieth Regiment, December 25, 1863, and was discharged June 13, 1865.
 Almon Marshall.
 Lewis DeMott, enlisted in Company A, Ninth Heavy Artillery, December 28, 1863, and was discharged July 16, 1865.
 Charles B. Randolph, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, in December, 1863; date of discharge unknown.
 William Caylor.
 Alfred Crull, enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, in December, 1863; was at Lee's surrender.
 Isaac A. Havens, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, and died in June, 1864.
 Edwin A. Page.
 John H. Youndt, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, and was discharged August 26, 1865.
 Joseph Harrington, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 29, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.
 John Mark Drake, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, December 16, 1865. Died of disease at Newbern, North Carolina, October 22, 1864.
 Reuben Goodman.
 Edward H. Benjamin.
 Philip F. Brownell.
 Samuel Rosecrantz.
 John H. Farrington.
 Richard C. Orman, enlisted in Company D, Fiftieth Regiment, February 28, 1864, and was discharged June 13, 1865.
 George D. Soule.
 Stephen F. Soule.
 John Messinger, enlisted in Company A, Third Light Artillery, in February, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.
 Samuel F. Oliver, enlisted in Company L, Fifteenth Engineers, in August or September, 1864. Died December 7, 1864.
 Henry H. Sweet, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 5, 1862.
 Ambrose Sanford, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 5, 1862. Died in hospital.
 Nelson Ensign, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 22, 1862, and was discharged December, 1862.
 Reuben D. Wilkinson, enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, July 15, 1862, and was discharged in January, 1863.
 James S. Hollenbeck, enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, July 10, 1862, and was discharged in January, 1865.
 George Farselman, enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, July 16, 1862, and was discharged June 3, 1865.
 John Wunderlin, enlisted in Company C, Thirty-third Regiment, April 1, 1862, and was discharged April 1, 1864.
 Samuel E. Blazedel, enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, in August, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Eugene Mathews, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 8, 1862, and was discharged July 7, 1865.
 A. D. Sheriden, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 8, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Nathan Opdyke, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, in August, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Charles A. Seeley, enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment August 9, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 Henry H. Neass, enlisted in the Third Artillery September 6, 1864, and was discharged with the regiment.
 William L. Vincent, enlisted September 9, 1864; was discharged June 23, 1865.
 William Kitrick, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 2, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.
 Hiram VanAmburg, enlisted in Company E, Third Light Artillery, September 1, 1864, and was discharged in June, 1865.
 William Sutherland, enlisted in Company H, Third Light Artillery, September 12, 1864, and was discharged June 27, 1865.
 Jacob VanValkenburg, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, September 1, 1864.
 Martin VanBuren, enlisted in Company L, Fiftieth Regiment, September 2, 1864, and was discharged June 29, 1865.

Stephen Beary, enlisted in Company H, Third Light Artillery, September 6, 1864, and was discharged June 24, 1865.

R. P. Kipp, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 6, 1862, and was discharged December 25, 1864.

Henry Kipp (2d), enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 6, 1862, and was discharged in 1864.

Abram M. Schott, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862.

Lewis Strayer, enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862, and was discharged in July, 1865.

Charles Westhoff, enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment in 1862.

George Dilts, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 26, 1862, and was discharged June 30, 1865.

David Deshler, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 23, 1862, and was discharged November 14, 1862.

Aaron Friedly, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, in September, 1862, and died in the service.

Henry Frantz, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, in September, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

William L. Stringham, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 26, 1862, and was discharged in June, 1865.

Lee Loveridge, enlisted in September, 1862.

Nelson Ensign, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, in December, 1863; died at Fortress Monroe in May, 1865.

Jacob Houses, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 22, 1862, and was discharged June 29, 1865.

John V. Reader, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 27, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

Peter Sell, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 26, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

Charles E. Lifer, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 25, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

James M. Clark, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 23, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

John Walter Deshler, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 25, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

Martin VanBuren Mathews, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 20, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.

William Yakely, enlisted in Company E, Fiftieth Regiment, in August, 1862.

William Kline, enlisted in Company E, Fiftieth Regiment, in August, 1862.

Jacob H. Markel, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 23, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

George E. Simmons, enlisted in the Fiftieth Regiment, August 23, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.

Martin VanBuren Miller, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, in September, 1862.

William Stahl, enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment in August, 1862, and died in the service.

Frederick H. Spaid, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, in August, 1862; died November 18, 1864, from disease contracted in the service.

Isaac Yoder, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 24, 1862, and was discharged June 30, 1865.

Daniel F. Yoder, enlisted in Company L, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 24, 1862; was mortally wounded at Petersburg, and died August 4, 1864.

Ithiel Hause, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862; killed at the battle of Gaines's Mills, June 3, 1864.

John P. Riechenbach, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862; killed at the battle of Gaines's Mills, June 3, 1864.

Ferris Scott, Jr., enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862.

Harrison B. Goodman, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 28, 1862, and was discharged July 17, 1865.

Joseph Shiley, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 28, 1862, and was discharged July 17, 1865.

Warren E. Lerch, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862, and was discharged June 30, 1865.

Jacob Reader, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 24, 1862, and was discharged February 8, 1865.

John J. Casterline, enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 24, 1862, was wounded at Cold Harbor, and had left arm amputated.

John Hart, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 8, 1862, and was discharged with the regiment.

William Lane, enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment in August, 1862.

Joseph Weider, enlisted in Company C, Thirty-third Regiment, August 26, 1862; died April 13, 1864.

Franklin Wunderlin, enlisted in Company C, Thirty-third Regiment, August 26, 1862, and was discharged January 4, 1865.

George W. Wade, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 17, 1862; died in June, 1865.

George L. Mathews, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 23, 1862, and was killed at Hatcher's Run, April 2, 1865.

George Vincent, enlisted in September, 1862.

Charles F. Smith, enlisted in Company A, Thirty-third Regiment, in 1861, and was discharged with the regiment.

John A. Troutman, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 8, 1862, and died at Camp Mills.

Jacob B. Shiley, enlisted in Company I, Fourth Heavy Artillery, December 28, 1863, and was discharged in 1865.

Levi Shiley, enlisted in the Fourth Heavy Artillery, May 6, 1863, and was discharged with the regiment.

Henry F. Brickley, enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 27, 1862, and was discharged November 7, 1864.

Samuel Hughs, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, July 10, 1862, and was discharged June 25, 1865.

David Berger, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 8, 1862, and was discharged February 18, 1865.

Patrick McNerry, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 11, 1862, and was discharged June 30, 1865.

Oscar C. Tooker, enlisted in Company E, Forty-fourth Regiment, August 30, 1862, and was discharged July 13, 1865.

James Sonham, enlisted in the Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 25, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

William H. Mathews, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 15, 1862, and died at Yorktown, March 18, 1864.

Charles Burroughs, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, January 22, 1865, and was discharged in July, 1865.

William Bachman, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, January 23, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.

Joseph J. Bachman, enlisted in Company D, Third Light Artillery, February 9, 1864, and was discharged July 5, 1865.

Philip M. Friedley, enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Regiment, August 25, 1862, and was discharged June 13, 1865.

William G. Cook, enlisted in Company C, Thirty-third Regiment, in April, 1861, and died in hospital at Washington, May 9, 1863.

Joseph D. Kuney, enlisted in Company M, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 25, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

John M. Barrett, enlisted in Company L, Sixteenth Heavy Artillery, December 25, 1863, and was discharged August 21, 1865.

Abram Cadmus, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 12, 1862, and was killed at the battle of Gettysburg.

Michael Mason, drafted July 25, 1863, and was assigned to Company A, Eleventh Regiment, V. R. C.; discharged August 2, 1865.

Thomas Cadmus, enlisted in Company A, Seventy-fifth Regiment, January 1, 1864, and was discharged September 24, 1865.

Peter H. Cadmus, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 15, 1862, and was discharged December 23, 1862.

Levi Seigfred, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 9, 1861, and was discharged June 3, by Special Order No. 26.

George T. Covert, enlisted in Company C, Thirty-third Regiment, April 24, 1861, and was discharged June 2, 1863.

Anthony J. Covert, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 5, 1862, and was discharged June 25, 1865.

Theodore Bachman, enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, August 5, 1862.

Jacob Beary, enlisted in Company I, Fourth Heavy Artillery, May 6, 1863, and was discharged September 26, 1865.

John L. Hoster, enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, August 11, 1862, and was discharged June 29, 1865.